

**Final**

**BUILDING 41  
SOUTH SETTLING BASIN  
SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT  
FORMER YORK NAVAL ORDNANCE PLANT**

**SAIC Project 166345.00.08232.6072.00**

**Prepared for:**

**Harley-Davidson  
Motor Company Operations, Inc.  
York, PA**

**December 2009**



Final

Building 41 South Settling Basin  
Site Investigation Report  
Former York Naval Ordnance Plant

SAIC Project 166345.00.08232.6072.00

Prepared for:

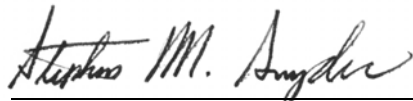
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## **1.0 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND**

This site investigation report is for the former South Settling Basin (known as Solid Waste Management Unit [SWMU] No. 37), as well as the former Neutralization Tank (SWMU No. 40), which includes the two small basins to the east of the South Settling Basin, and the Oxidation Tank (SWMU No.41), which is the larger basin to the northeast of the South Settling Basin. Throughout this report, the three basins to the east of the South Settling Basin are collectively referred to as the “Eastern Basins.” SWMU No. 37, No. 40, and No. 41 were located in the northeast end of Building 41 at the former York Naval Operations Plant (fYNOP) facility in York, Pennsylvania (see location on Figure 1). Activities conducted for this project were performed in accordance with the scope of work in Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC) proposal number 01-1633-71-2009-048, dated March 14, 2008. Photographs of the site activities are included in Appendix A.

Harley-Davidson entered into a Settlement Agreement with the Department of Defense and the Department of the Navy (as facilitated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers [USACE]) on January 24, 1995. That agreement established a cost sharing arrangement between Harley-Davidson, as the present site owner, and the United States, as the past owner, for costs incurred in response to environmental contamination at the facility. A Trust Fund was established to handle the cost sharing of those response actions. All environmental response actions must be completed in accordance with federal methods. This scope of work and proposal were approved by Harley-Davidson and the York Remediation Trust Fund on March 26, 2008.

Building 41 is located in the northern part of the fYNOP facility, north of Buildings 4 and 2 (see Figure 1). This building has been operated as a wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) since 1969. It was built and installed in 1968. A photographic and historical drawing summary of Building 41 is shown in Appendix B.

The plant has historically performed treatment of process water generated from fabrication, machining, plating, and painting operations. Wastes treated in the plant which have the potential to impact soil or groundwater have included process wastewaters such as spent acid and alkaline

cleaners; wastewaters containing nickel, zinc, chromium, and cyanides; and several organic constituents listed in the total toxics organics list. The WWTP had operated under National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. 0007765, which was originally issued on December 15, 1983. The types of treatment that were conducted in the WWTP included cyanide oxidation, equalization, chrome reduction, pH adjustment, chemical precipitation, flocculation, settling, neutralization, oxidation, and sludge processing (by filter press). The facility no longer performs cyanide oxidation. Most of the treatment processes still continue but have been upgraded over the years to improve the treatment efficiencies or to minimize environmental liabilities and meet regulatory reporting requirements. Treated wastewater effluent was originally discharged from the WWTP to Codorus Creek through Outfall 001, which consisted of treated process waste streams. In 1994, the effluent flow was redirected to the Springettsbury Township sanitary sewer.

The South Settling Basin is identified as SWMU No. 37 in the January 1989, Phase II Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Assessment report prepared by A.T. Kearney, Inc. (Kearney) for the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region III. In that report, two settling basins were identified as Settling Tank No. 1 (north basin, SWMU No.36) and Settling Tank No. 2 (south basin, SWMU No. 37). These tanks operated in parallel as flocculation and settling tanks. They received wastewater from the flocculation tank (SWMU No. 35) via an open channel conduit. Sludge from the two settling basins was pumped into a nearby sludge settling tank (SWMU No. 38) and then into a filter press (SWMU No. 39). Clarified discharge water from the two settling basins flowed over a weir and into a neutralization tank (SWMU No. 40) and then into an oxidation tank (SWMU No. 41), prior to gravity discharge to the east via an open channel. The Kearney report concludes that the potential for a release to soil or groundwater from these settling basins was low because of biannual inspections and continuous monitoring of flows into and out of the two tanks. The report further suggests verifying the integrity of the tanks and conducting soil sampling where the integrity of the tanks was questionable.

The South Settling Basin is a subgrade, 12-inch-thick concrete-lined open-top tank with approximate dimensions of 49 feet long x 14 feet wide x 6 feet deep. The concrete tank is

underlain by 10 inches of crushed stone. The tank design had a capacity of 27,000 gallons. The South Settling Basin was formerly used to settle sludge from influent wastewater prior to being sent to the filter press. Sludge was pumped from the concrete sludge sump in the west end of the tank to the filter press several times a week during routine operations. Wastewater coming into this tank was received from the flocculation tank (and for a brief period from the pH adjustment tank). Influent entered the tank from the west end via two 4-inch-diameter openings, while clarified effluent exited the tank through the weir at the east end. Clarified discharge from this tank was sent to the neutralization tank.

In early 2008, the South Settling Basin in Building 41 was emptied in order to conduct the subsurface soil investigations described in this report. During January 2008, SAIC collected subsurface soil samples from eight soil borings in the South Settling Basin. In addition, SAIC collected soil samples from five borings in several smaller basins to the east. The two smallest eastern basins have been identified by EPA as a neutralization tank (SWMU No. 40). The northern tank to the east was identified by EPA as the oxidation tank (SWMU No. 41).

During the soil investigation of the South Settling Basin, black silty water was encountered in the gravel layer beneath the concrete under much of the area. It contained elevated concentrations of heavy metals and some organic compounds. The source of the water found in this excavation is unclear, but it is theorized that it may be from historic spills from the one or more of the wastewater tanks in the building or from a historic release of solvent fuels in the pipe trench leading from the Old Waste Containment area to Building No. 10, Power House.

## **2.0 TANK INSPECTION**

Removal of the South Settling Basin and Eastern Basins consisted of dismantling equipment, removing liquid and sludge, permanently plugging influent and effluent lines, and cleaning the concrete surface. These tasks were completed by others prior to SAIC mobilizing to the site (see photographs in Appendix A). SAIC's initial involvement included an inspection of the concrete surfaces in the North Settling Basin for cracks or other evidence of past releases.

The settling basin inspection activities were performed in accordance with confined space entry protocol. Details regarding the procedures utilized were outlined in a site-specific health and safety plan. All work was completed safely and without incident.

Subsequently, SAIC inspected the concrete surfaces of the South Settling Basin and the smaller eastern basins for cracks or other evidence of past releases. SAIC's inspection revealed a possible crack on the floor in the middle of the southern side of the South Settling Basin. One vertical crack in the wall between the northernmost of the eastern basins was observed. It appeared that this crack had been repaired previously. No other indications of cracks were observed during an inspection of the eastern basins. SAIC attempted to locate soil borings as close to the observed crack as possible to determine if any of regulated compounds had been released. Photographs of the crack and work conducted are included in Appendix A.

### **3.0 SUBSURFACE SOIL INVESTIGATION**

Based on the results of the inspection and knowledge of the treatment process at the WWTP, eight soil boring locations (SB-001 through SB-008) were chosen for the South Settling Basin. Due to the detection of impacted soil and evidence of black water in the gravel layer under portions of the South Settling Basin, SAIC added several soil borings to the study in order to determine the limits of these impacts. Five soil boring locations (SB-009 through SB-013) were added in the eastern basins, and two soil boring locations (SB-014 and SB-015) were chosen to the east of the eastern settling basins. SAIC completed the soil borings on February 5-8, 2008; April 2, 2008; and May 13, 2008. Figure 2 shows the locations of these soil borings. Concrete coring was used to cut through the concrete floor of the basin, and vacuum extraction was used to remove the crushed stone subbase. Concrete thickness varied from 6 inches to 12 inches, and the crushed stone subbase thickness varied from 3 inches at SB-013 to 18 inches at SB-003. The soil borings were advanced with a Geoprobe<sup>®</sup> sampler until refusal or a maximum depth of 10 feet below the top of the concrete floor. During soil boring advancement, soil type, color, photoionization detector (PID) response, and other relevant information were recorded on soil boring logs, which are included in Appendix C.

Although two soil samples had been proposed to be collected from each boring, the actual number of samples that were collected from each boring was modified based on observed conditions. Two samples were collected from borings SB-003, 005, and 006. Three samples were collected from boring 007, and four samples were collected from boring 014. No samples were collected from boring 011 because of Geoprobe<sup>®</sup> refusal at 2.7 feet below top of concrete. One sample was collected from the remainder of the borings. For quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) purposes, duplicate samples were collected from borings 005 and 006. At boring locations 004, 005, 009, and 011, a black liquid was encountered. A sample of the liquid was collected at boring 009. All soil samples and the liquid sample were submitted to TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc. (TestAmerica) for analysis of priority pollutant volatile organic compounds (VOCs), priority pollutant semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), total priority pollutant metals, hexavalent chromium, cyanide (total and free), and percent solids. After the soil samples were collected, the borings were filled with bentonite, and the surface was sealed



with concrete, except for locations 009 and 011, which were left open temporarily for monitoring of the black liquid found in the excavation.

#### 4.0 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS

Upon receipt of the laboratory analytical data package from TestAmerica, the results were tabulated and compared to Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) nonresidential medium-specific concentrations (MSCs) for soils for the direct contact and soil-to-groundwater pathways. Analytical data received from TestAmerica are handled in accordance with SAIC's Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP, July 2009). Laboratory data packages are verified at SAIC and evaluated for completeness, technical holding times, blanks, duplicates, laboratory control samples, matrix spike samples, surrogates, and calibration to standards. Electronic data deliverables from the laboratory are entered into the fYNOP data base, which is stored in the ARC IMS system and checked for completeness against the chain-of-custody record. Electronic analytical data are stored on an SAIC server, as well as at the laboratory. Laboratory records are retained at TestAmerica for a period of five years after the report is issued. The analytical results are summarized and compared with the selected criteria in Table 1.

The concentration of vinyl chloride (0.63 milligrams per kilogram [mg/kg]) detected in the sample from boring 004 at 1 to 3 feet deep exceeded the soil-to-groundwater MSC of 0.2 mg/kg. The concentration of n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine (0.075 mg/kg) detected in the sample from boring 007 at 1 to 3 feet deep exceeded the soil-to-groundwater MSC of 0.037 mg/kg. The concentrations of cis-1,2-dichloroethene (13 mg/kg), tetrachloroethene (51 mg/kg), and trichloroethene (8.9 mg/kg) detected in the sample from boring 007 at 4 to 6 feet deep exceeded the soil-to-groundwater MSCs of 7 mg/kg, 0.5 mg/kg, and 0.5 mg/kg, respectively. The concentration of tetrachloroethene (4.1 mg/kg) and trichloroethene (1.1 mg/kg) detected in the sample from boring 007 at 8 to 10 feet deep exceeded the soil-to-groundwater MSCs of 0.5 mg/kg (the MSC value is the same for both compounds). The concentration of tetrachloroethene (2.1 mg/kg) detected in the sample from boring 014 at 14 to 16 feet deep exceeded the soil-to-groundwater MSC of 0.5 mg/kg.

Two additional soil borings (S4N and S7N) were installed on April 1-2, 2008, using the same techniques described above to further delineate the impacted soil in the South Settling Basin adjacent to borings 004 and 007 (see Figure 2 for these sample locations). Two soil samples

were collected from S4N, and three samples were collected from S7N. Concentrations of tetrachloroethene (up to 8.1 mg/kg) and trichloroethene (up to 1.5 mg/kg) detected in the samples from boring S7N at 10 to 12 feet deep, 13 to 14 feet deep, and 15 to 16 feet deep exceeded the soil-to-groundwater MSCs of 0.5 mg/kg. The concentration of tetrachloroethene (2.1 mg/kg) detected in boring 014 along the eastern wall of the building exceeded the soil-to-groundwater MSC of 0.5 mg/kg.

## **5.0 MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION**

A monitoring well (designated as MW-116) was installed to the west of Building 41 on April 14-17, 2008 (see Figure 3 for the location of MW-116). The well was installed to investigate the groundwater quality to the west (and presumably downgradient) of Building 41. An air-rotary drill rig was used to install the well to a depth of 50.8 feet below ground surface. During drilling, the soil type, color, PID response, and other relevant information were recorded on the drilling log which is included in Appendix D.

MW-116 was sampled on May 21, 2008, and September 3, 2008, as part of the Supplemental Remedial Investigation (RI) first and second rounds of water sampling. Sampling logs for MW-116 are provided in Appendix E. The samples were submitted to TestAmerica for analysis of VOCs, SVOCs, dissolved and total hexavalent chromium, dissolved and total metals, free cyanide, and total cyanide.

## 6.0 WATER SAMPLING RESULTS

Upon receipt of the laboratory analytical data package from TestAmerica, the results were tabulated to be compared to the MSCs for used and non-used aquifers. The results were also compared to the maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) for drinking water.

The analytical results for the samples collected from MW-116 were compared with the selected criteria in Table 2 and exceedances are summarized below:

- During both sampling events, the concentrations of 1,1-dichloroethene (46 micrograms per liter [ $\mu\text{g/L}$ ] and  $40 \mu\text{g/L}$ ) exceeded the MSC of  $7 \mu\text{g/L}$ .
- The concentrations of cis-1,2-dichloroethene ( $1,200 \mu\text{g/L}$  and  $1,100 \mu\text{g/L}$ ) exceeded the MSC of  $70 \mu\text{g/L}$ .
- The concentrations of methylene chloride ( $140 \mu\text{g/L}$  and  $50 \mu\text{g/L}$ ) exceeded the MSC of  $5 \mu\text{g/L}$ .
- The concentrations of tetrachloroethene ( $310 \mu\text{g/L}$  and  $201 \mu\text{g/L}$ ) exceeded the MSC of  $5 \mu\text{g/L}$ .
- The concentrations of trichloroethene ( $570 \mu\text{g/L}$  and  $1,480 \mu\text{g/L}$ ) exceeded the MSC of  $5 \mu\text{g/L}$ .
- The concentrations of vinyl chloride ( $37 \mu\text{g/L}$  and  $27 \mu\text{g/L}$ ) exceeded the MSC of  $2 \mu\text{g/L}$ .

The analytical results for the black aqueous sample collected from the gravel layer at soil boring 009 also are included on Table 2. This water is believed to represent perched water conditions since the local groundwater elevation in the vicinity of Building 41 are known to range from 15 to 20 below ground surface (bgs). The black aqueous water sample was collected from directly under the basin in a gravel layer that was above a clay lens at approximately 6 feet bgs. The analytical results for the perched water samples were compared with the selected criteria in Table 2, and exceedances are summarized below (refer to Table 2 for the MSC values):

- The detected concentration for cyanide ( $4,500 \mu\text{g/L}$ ).
- The concentration of antimony ( $40.2 \mu\text{g/L}$ ) was above its MSC.

- The concentration of arsenic (26 µg/L) was greater than its MSC.
- Concentrations of cadmium (1,210 µg/L) exceeded its MSC.
- The chromium concentration (9,190 µg/L) was above its MSC.
- The concentration of lead (67.6 µg/L) was above its MSC.
- The detected concentration of nickel (3,530 µg/L) was above its MSC.
- The concentration of zinc (4,640 µg/L).
- Concentrations of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (140 µg/L).
- Vinyl chloride was detected at a concentration (15 µg/L) that was greater than its MSC value.

## 7.0 SUMMARY

The subsurface conditions at the south and eastern settling basins in Building 41 were characterized in accordance with the approved work plan. Based on the results obtained, it is likely that compounds detected in the shallow (up to 6 feet deep) soil samples from borings 004 and 007 were related to the black perched water under the basin and from other sources. Organic compounds n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine, vinyl chloride, 1,2-dichloroethene, tetrachloroethene, and trichloroethane were detected at concentrations greater than their respective MSCs in these shallow soil samples.

The black perched liquid that was sampled in boring 009 was also observed in boring 011. The black perched water contained concentrations of cyanide, various plating metals, bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, and vinyl chloride that exceeded groundwater MSCs. In addition, the pH of this water was high (above 10). Due to the pH and metals present, these liquids may have leaked from adjacent wastewater treatment basins. From the water sample results discussed above, it is evident that this perched liquid may have contributed to the impacted soils beneath the southern and eastern basins.

The compounds detected in the deeper soil samples (8 to 16 feet deep) which exceeded respective MSCs for tetrachloroethene and trichloroethene were found in borings 007, 014, and S7N. These soils are impacted by chlorinated solvents which might be associated with a deeper VOC source or possibly from migration of groundwater from an upgradient source. It is also possible that some of the chlorinated solvent impacts observed in these soil samples could have been related to historic releases of solvents in the pipe trench along the eastern side of the eastern basins. For these reasons, the work plan to mitigate the black liquid from under the basins (March 2008) also includes a plan to excavate and investigate the former pipe trench along the eastern side of the basins.

Compounds that were detected in groundwater samples above the MSCs in the samples collected from MW-116 were tetrachloroethene, perchloroethene, 1,2-dichloroethene, 1,1-dichloroethene, vinyl chloride, and methylene chloride. Most of these compounds are the same as those that

were detected in the soil samples or the sample of the black perched liquid found under the south and eastern basins. However, these are also the same compounds that are found elsewhere across the fYNOP facility.



## **8.0 REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES AND CONCLUSIONS**

SAIC considered numerous remedial alternatives for the impacted soil and perched water observed under the southern and eastern basins. Since any of the soil remedial alternatives would be impeded by the layer of perched black water under the basins, it was decided to first remove the perched water. On May 13, 2008, SAIC removed approximately 1,320 gallons of this liquid from open boreholes 009 and 011 using a vacuum truck. That liquid was disposed of off-site at Clean Harbors as a hazardous waste. Appendix F shows the waste manifest for this waste. All of the perched water could not be removed from the gravel layer using this technique; consequently, a separate work plan dated August 14, 2008, and approved on September 8, 2008, was prepared to install a sump along the east side of these basins to drain the black water layer (see Building 41 East Trench report).

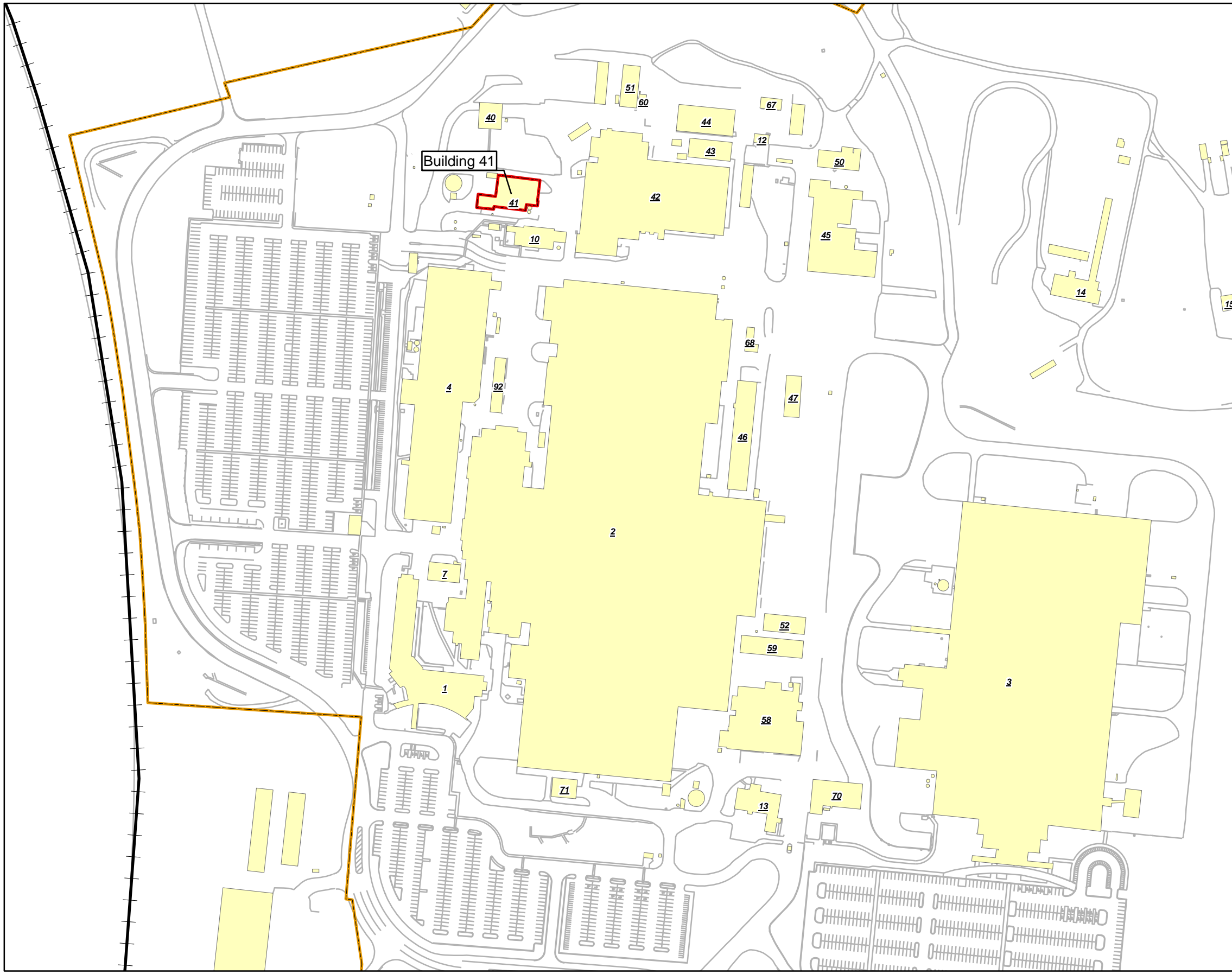
The excavation and removal of impacted soils observed beneath the southern and eastern basins would be nearly impossible due to the proximity of the adjacent active wastewater treatment units. A second alternative for these impacted soils would be soil vapor extraction (SVE). This alternative could potentially be hampered by the clay residuum and pinnacled rock formations beneath the site. The presence of pinnacled bedrock indicates that the top of the limestone bedrock surface is highly irregular. These conditions typically limit the thickness of the unconsolidated, unsaturated zone that is present. The low concentrations and scattered location of these contaminants also would make SVE a difficult remedy for these soils. Additionally, these impacted soils are already protected from exposure to humans or further leaching by an impervious concrete cap (the existing basins) and the roof of Building 41.

Impacted soils observed at soil boring 014 would be similarly difficult to remove due to its proximity to the building footer and column support nearby. However, if the contaminants found in soil boring 014 were associated with a previous release from the eastern pipe trench, it might be possible to remove the source using a limited excavation of soils from beneath the former pipe trench. This was proposed in a separate work plan (see pipe trench soil removal discussion in the Building 41 East Trench report). Additional investigation and remediation activities that can be conducted at the present time are limited by the active wastewater treatment plant. The former

South Settling Basin will be considered as part of the Site-Wide Risk Assessment and Feasibility Study. If the status of the wastewater treatment plant changes to inactive in the future, closure activities will be more feasible and can then be recommended.

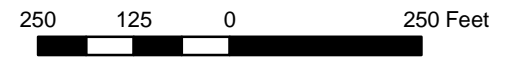
Since contaminants related to the impacted soil and perched water were found in the downgradient well (MW-116), an additional upgradient well along the east side of Building 41 will be needed to determine if the source of these groundwater contaminants might be coming from inside Building 41. The work scope for draining the black water and investigating the eastern pipe trench also includes a recommendation to drill a new groundwater well on the eastern side of Building 41 (see well MW-117 information in the Building 41 East Trench report).

# FIGURES



**Legend**

- Codorus Creek
- Railroad
- Buildings
- Harley-Davidson Property Boundary
- Roads and Curb Boundary



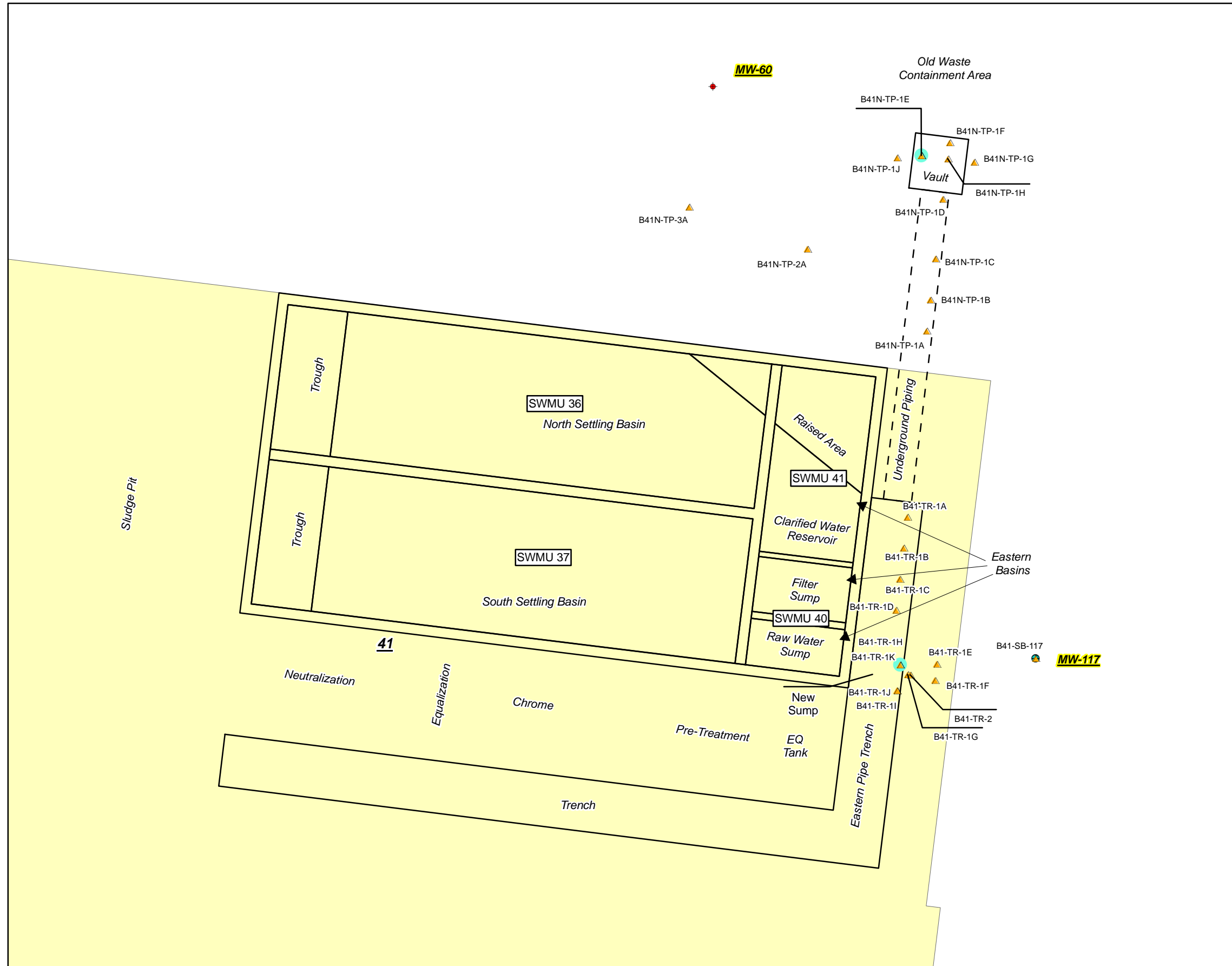
1 inch = 250 feet

**FORMER YORK NAVAL ORDNANCE PLANT**  
1425 EDEN ROAD, YORK, PA 17402

**SITE LOCATION MAP**

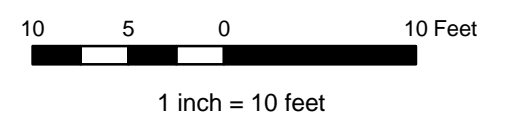
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date	5/4/09	date	7/7/09	date	7/7/09	
job no.	01-1633-00-5127-518			file no.	Fig_1_Site_Area.mxd	
initials	date	revision				





**Legend**

- ▲ Soil Samples Prior to 1/1/2007
- ▲ Soil Samples Post 1/1/07
- ◆ Abandoned Wells
- Monitoring and Collection Wells
- Exceeds Direct Contact and Soil to Groundwater Screens
- Results > or = Direct Contact Standard (0-2' and 2'-15')
- Results > or = Soil to Groundwater
- Building 41 Feature Boundary
- - - Underground Piping
- Buildings

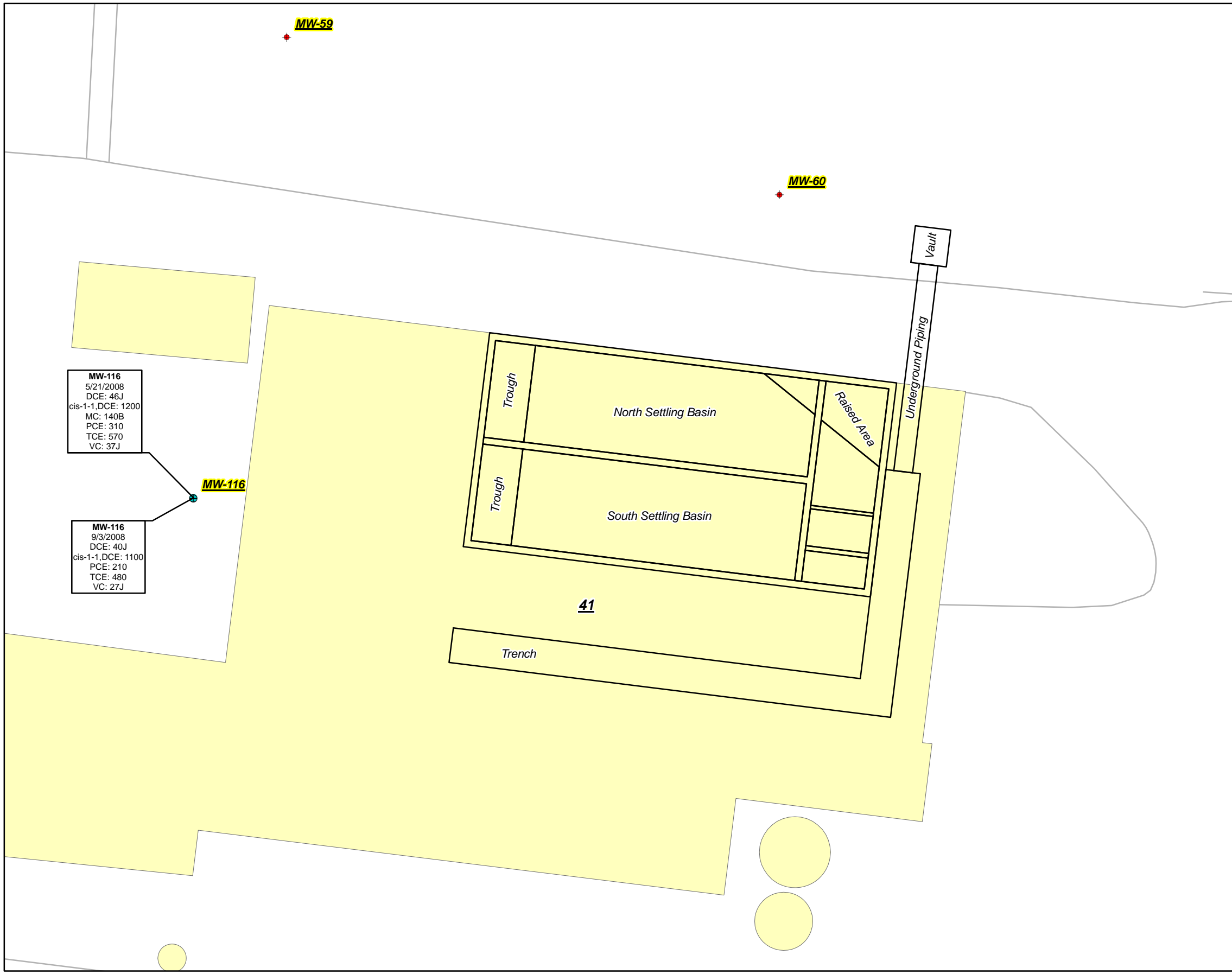


**FORMER YORK NAVAL ORDNANCE PLANT**  
1425 EDEN ROAD, YORK, PA 17402

**Building 41 East Trench/Sump**

Drawn	AGM	checked	approved	figure no.
Date	5/4/09	date	date	<b>2</b>
job no.	01-1633-00-1365-518	file no.	Fig_2 SMP_LOCS.mxd	
Initials	date	revision		





**MW-116**  
 5/21/2008  
 DCE: 46J  
 cis-1-1,DCE: 1200  
 MC: 140B  
 PCE: 310  
 TCE: 570  
 VC: 37J

**MW-116**  
 9/3/2008  
 DCE: 40J  
 cis-1-1,DCE: 1100  
 PCE: 210  
 TCE: 480  
 VC: 27J

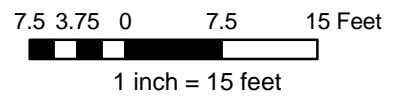


**Legend**

- ◆ Abandoned Wells
- Monitoring and Collection Wells
- Building 41 Basin Boundary
- Buildings
- Roads and Curb Boundary

**NOTE:**  
 Results given are for exceedances of the Pa DEP MSC Used Aquifer TDS <2,500 Non Residential.

Location ID	
Location ID	Date
DCE: 1,1-Dichloroethene	
cis-1-1,DCE: cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	
MC: Methylene chloride	
PCE: Tetrachloroethene	
TCE: Trichloroethene	
VC: Vinyl Chloride	



**FORMER YORK NAVAL ORDNANCE PLANT**  
 1425 EDEN ROAD, YORK, PA 17402

**Building 41 South Basin Groundwater Chemistry Summary**

drawn	AGM	checked	RDM	approved	SMS	figure no.
date	5/4/09	date	7/7/09	date	7/7/09	<b>3</b>
job no.	01-1633-00-5127-518			file no.	Fig_3_MW_116.mxd	

initials	date	revision



# **TABLES**











Table 2  
 Water Data Summary - Building 41 (B41) South Settling Basin  
 Former York Naval Ordnance Plant - York, PA

Parameter	Location/ID Sample Date	MSC Used Aquifer (ug/L)	MSC Non-Used Aquifer (ug/L)	Federal MCL (ug/L)	EPA RBC Tap Water (ug/L)	B41S-SW-009 2/8/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 5/21/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 9/21/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 6/10/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 9/3/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 9/3/2008 (ug/L)
<b>Cyanide, Free</b>											
Cyanide, Free		200	200000	200	730	23	10 U			10 U	
<b>Cyanide, Total</b>											
Cyanide, Total		200	200000			4500 W	3.6 B J			10 U	
<b>Dioxane</b>											
1,4-Dioxane		24	240		6.1				22 Z		
<b>Hexavalent Chromium</b>											
Hexavalent Chromium		100	100000		110		50 U			0 U	
<b>Hexavalent Chromium-Diss</b>											
Hexavalent Chromium		100	100000		110			50 U			0 U
<b>Mercury</b>											
Mercury		2	2000	2	0.57	0.24	0.2 U			0.2 U	
<b>Mercury-Diss</b>											
Mercury		2	2000	2	0.57			0.2 U			0.2 U
<b>Metal</b>											
Antimony		6	6000	6	15	40.2 WYZ	10 U				0.076 B
Arsenic		10	10000	10	0.045	26 WYZ	10 U				1 U
Barium		2000	2000000	2000	7300	213	26.8 B J				26.2
Beryllium		4	4000	4	73	0.58 B	0.49 B J				1 U
Cadmium		5	5000	5	18	1210 WYZ	0.51 B				0.44 B
Chromium		100	100000	100	1300	9190 WY	2.9 B				8.9 J
Copper		1000	1000000	1300	1500	238 J	25 U				0.9 B
Lead		5	5000	15		67.6 WY	3 U				0.28 B
Nickel		100	100000		730	3530 WZ	19.4 B				18.6
Selenium		50	50000	50	180	8	5 U				0.39 B
Silver		100	100000		180	0.83 B	1.4 B				1 U
Thallium		2	2000	2	2.4	10 U	10 U				0.099 B
Vanadium		720	720000		180	129 Z	2.2 B				1.4 J
Zinc		2000	2000000		10950	4640 J W	20.2 J				15.8
<b>Metal-Diss</b>											
Antimony		6	6000	6	15			10 U			0.091 B J
Arsenic		10	10000	10	0.045			10 U			1 U
Barium		2000	2000000	2000	7300			25.7 B			25.1
Beryllium		4	4000	4	73			0.41 B J			1 U
Cadmium		5	5000	5	18			0.64 B			0.48 B
Chromium		100	100000	100	1300			2.9 B			7.3 J E
Copper		1000	1000000	1300	1500			25 U			0.86 B
Lead		5	5000	15				3 U			0.12 B J
Nickel		100	100000		730			18.6 B			17.6
Selenium		50	50000	50	180			5 U			0.59 B
Silver		100	100000		180			1.5 B			1 U
Thallium		2	2000	2	2.4			10 U			0.092 B J
Vanadium		720	720000		180			3 B			0.58 B
Zinc		2000	2000000		10950			15.8 B J			16.3
<b>PCB</b>											
Arochlor-1016		7.2	7.2	0.5	0.96	0.38 U					
Arochlor-1221		5.2	5.2	0.5	0.0068	0.38 U					
Arochlor-1232		5.2	5.2	0.5	0.0068	0.38 U					
Arochlor-1242		5.2	5.2	0.5	0.034	0.38 U					
Arochlor-1248		1.4	1.4	0.5	0.034	0.38 U					
Arochlor-1254		1.4	1.4	0.5	0.034	0.38 U					
Arochlor-1260		4.3	4.3	0.5	0.034	0.38 U					

Table 2  
Water Data Summary - Building 41 (B41) South Settling Basin  
Former York Naval Ordnance Plant - York, PA

Location/ID Sample Date	MSC Used Aquifer (ug/L)	MSC Non-Used Aquifer (ug/L)	Federal MCL (ug/L)	EPA RBC Tap Water (ug/L)	B41S-SW-009 2/8/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 5/21/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 5/21/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 6/10/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 9/3/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 9/3/2008 (ug/L)
<b>SVOC</b>										
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	70	7000	70	8.2	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	600	60000	600	370	28 J			9.5 U	9.6 U	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	600	60000			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	75	7500	75	0.43	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	10000	1000000		3700	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	31	31000		6.1	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	20	2000		110	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	2000	2000000		730	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	41	410		73	500 U			48 U	48 U	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	8.4	8400		73	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	100	100000		37	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2-Chloronaphthalene	8200	8200		2900	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2-Chlorophenol	40	40		180	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2-Methylnaphthalene	2000	2000		2.3	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2-Methylphenol	5100	510000			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
2-Nitroaniline	5.8	5.8		110	500 U			48 U	48 U	
2-Nitrophenol	820	820000			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	5.8	3100		0.15	500 U			48 U	48 U	
3/4-Methylphenol					150			9.5 U	9.6 U	
3-Nitroaniline	5.8	5.8			500 U			48 U	48 U	
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol					500 U			48 U	48 U	
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether					100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
4-Chloro-3-Methyl-Phenol	510	510			12 J			9.5 U	9.6 U	
4-Chloroaniline	410	410		0.34	100 U			9.5 U	0.53 J	
4-Chlorodiphenyl Ether					100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
4-Nitroaniline	5.8	5.8		3.4	500 U			48 U	48 U	
4-Nitrophenol	60	60000			500 U			48 U	48 U	
Acenaphthene	3800	3800		2200	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Acenaphthylene	6100	16000			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Anthracene	66	66		11000	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Benzo (A) Anthracene	3.6	11	0.2	0.029	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Benzo (a) Pyrene	0.2	3.8	0.2	0.0029	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Benzo (b) Fluoranthene	1.2	1.2		0.029	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Benzo (g,h,i) Perylene	0.26	0.26			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Benzo (k) Fluoranthene	0.55	0.55		0.29	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane				110	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether	0.55	55		0.012	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) Ether	300	30000			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	6	290	6	4.8	140 WYZ			2.1 J	9.6 U	
Butylbenzylphthalate	2700	2700			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Carbazole	130	1200			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Chrysene	1.9	1.9		2.9	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Dibenzo (a,h) Anthracene	0.36	0.6		0.0029	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Dibenzofuran					100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Diethylphthalate	5000	1100000		29000	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Dimethylphthalate					100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Di-n-Butylphthalate	10000	400000			11 J			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Di-n-octylphthalate	2000	3000			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Fluoranthene	260	260		1500	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Fluorene	1900	1900		1500	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Hexachlorobenzene	1	6	1		100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Hexachlorobutadiene	1	1000			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	50	1800	50		500 U			48 U	48 U	
Hexachloroethane	1	100			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	3.6	62		0.029	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Isophorone	100	100000		71	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Naphthalene	100	10000		0.14	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Nitrobenzene	51	51000		0.12	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
N-Nitrosodi-N-Propylamine	0.37	370		0.0096	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	530	35000		14	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Pentachlorophenol	1	1000	1	0.56	500 U			48 U	48 U	
Phenanthrene	1100	1100			100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Phenol	4000	400000		11000	940			9.5 U	9.6 U	
Pyrene	130	130		1100	100 U			9.5 U	9.6 U	

Table 2  
Water Data Summary - Building 41 (B41) South Settling Basin  
Former York Naval Ordnance Plant - York, PA

Location/ID Sample Date	MSC Used Aquifer (ug/L)	MSC Non-Used Aquifer (ug/L)	Federal MCL (ug/L)	EPA RBC Tap Water (ug/L)	B41S-SW-009 2/8/2008 (U)	MW-116 5/21/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 5/21/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 6/10/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 9/3/2008 (ug/L)	MW-116 9/3/2008 (ug/L)
<b>VOOC</b>										
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	70	7000		0.52	5 U	50 U				50 U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200	2000	200	200	5 U	50 U				50 U
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.3	30		0.067	5 U	50 U				50 U
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	50	5	5	5 U	50 U				50 U
1,1-Dichloroethane	110	1100		2.4	1.2 J	14 J				17 J
1,1-Dichloroethene	7	70	7		5 U	46 J WY				40 J WY
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.05	5	0.05	0.0065	5 U	50 U				50 U
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	50	5	0.15	5 U	50 U				50 U
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	50	5	0.39	5 U	50 U				50 U
1,4-Dioxane	24	240		6.1	1000 U	10000 U				10000 U
2-Butanone	4000	40000			13 J	500 U				500 U
2-Hexanone					50 U	500 U				500 U
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	410	41000		2000	50 U	500 U				500 U
Acetone	10000	100000		22000	120	500 U				500 U
Acrylonitrile	2.7	270		0.045	100 U	1000 U				1000 U
Benzene	5	500	5	0.41	5 U	50 U				50 U
Bromochloromethane	90	90			5 U	50 U				50 U
Bromodichloromethane	100	100		0.12	5 U	50 U				50 U
Bromoform	80	8000		8.5	5 U	50 U				50 U
Bromomethane	10	1000		8.7	5 U	50 U				50 U
Carbon Disulfide	4100	4100		1000	31	50 U				50 U
Carbon Tetrachloride	5	50	5	0.2	5 U	50 U				50 U
Chlorobenzene	100	10000	100	91	5 U	50 U				50 U
Chlorodibromomethane	80	8000			5 U	50 U				50 U
Chloroethane	900	90000			5 U	50 U				50 U
Chloroform	80	800		0.19	5 U	50 U				50 U
Chloromethane	30	3000		190	5 U	50 U				50 U
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	70	700	70		8.4	1200 WXYZ				1100 WXYZ
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	26	2600			5 U	50 U				50 U
Ethylbenzene	700	70000	700	1.5	11	50 U				50 U
Methyl tert-butyl ether	20	200		12	5 U	50 U				50 U
Methylene chloride	5	500		4.8	1.4 J	140 B WZ				50 U
Styrene	100	10000	100	1600	5 U	50 U				50 U
Tetrachloroethene	5	50	5		0.47 J Z	310 WXYZ				210 WXYZ
Toluene	1000	100000	1000	2300	5 U	50 U				50 U
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100	1000	100		2.2 J	50 U				50 U
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	26	2600			5 U	50 U				50 U
Trichloroethene	5	50	5		1.1 J Z	570 WXYZ				480 WXYZ
Vinyl Chloride	2	20	2	0.016	15 WYZ	37 J WXYZ				27 J WXYZ
Xylenes (Total)	10000	180000	10000	200	1.4 J	150 U				150 U

**Laboratory Qualifiers**

Qualifier	Explanation
<u>Organic Data Qualifiers</u>	
J	Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used when the data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the sample quantitation limit but greater than zero.
B	Analyte is found in the associated blank, as well as in the sample.
U	Indicates sample was analyzed for, but not detected. Report with the detection limit value.
<u>Inorganic Data Qualifiers</u>	
J	Analyte is found in the associated blank, as well as in the sample.
B	Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used when the data indicates the presence of a compound that meets the identification criteria but the result is less than the sample quantitation limit but greater than zero.
E	Matrix Interference
U	Indicates sample was analyzed for, but not detected. Report with the detection limit value.

**Screening Value Comparison Qualifiers**

Qualifier	Explanation
<u>Water</u>	
W	Exceedence of the Pennsylvania DEP Act 2 Medium Specific Concentration for Non-Residential Used Aquifers.
X	Exceedence of the Pennsylvania DEP Act 2 Medium Specific Concentration for Non-Residential Non-Used Aquifers.
Y	Exceedence of the United States EPA Maximum Contaminant Level.
Z	Exceedence of the United States EPA Region 3 Risked Based Concentrations for tap water. Per EPA, for certain low-toxicity chemicals, the screening levels exceed possible concentrations at the target risks.

**APPENDIX A**

**Photographs**

**APPENDIX A – Photographs**  
Building 41 – South Settling Basin



Photo 1 - Building 41, South Settling Basin looking west.

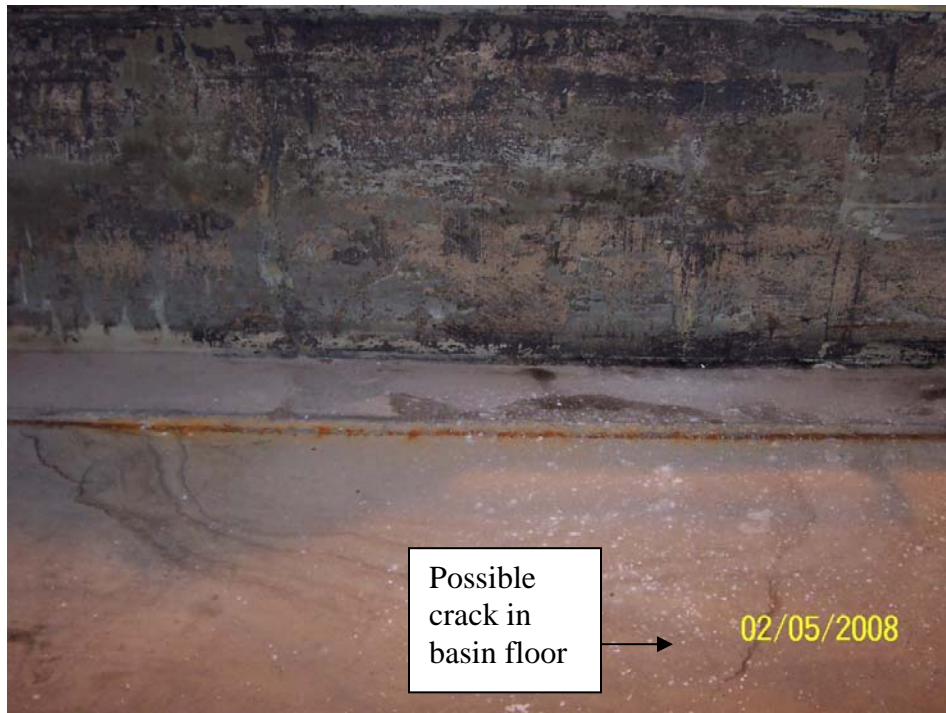


Photo 2 - Building 41, South Settling Basin looking at southern wall, and possible crack in basin floor.





Photo 3 - Building 41, Southern sections of East Basins



Photo 4 - Building 41, South Basin, looking east. Note soil boring locations in white paint on basin floor.



Photo 5 - Building 41, Soil boring 009 with black liquid in crushed stone sub-base.



Photo 6 - Building 41, Soil boring 011 with black liquid in crushed stone sub-base.

## **APPENDIX B**

### **Historical Photographs and Drawings**



## Historical Photograph Summary



**Photo 1** – Undated, believed to be the originally constructed Building 41 WWTP and open tanks circa early 1969 (following construction); view is looking southeast. Features in Photo 1 are consistent with 12-5-67 AMF Dwg 61-7-60000 (Figure 1). Note only one settling basin is visible and adjacent to a smaller treatment tank (both empty and all concrete, in-ground, open topped tanks).



**Photo 2** - August 11, 1971 Aerial Photo (north orientation). The active railroad track and Building 10 are visible to the south of Building 41 (at center). A retaining wall is visible to the east of Building 41; and a fire water tank and pump house are visible to the west of Building 41. Two main wastewater tanks are visible to the north of Building 41. The northern-most tank is the main settling tank (now referred to as the South Settling Basin). West of this settling basin is a square tank, which is assumed to be the original sludge holding pit. The tank south of the settling basin is the original equalization (EQ) tank, reported to be approximately 12' wide x 20 feet long.

## Historical Photograph Summary



**Photo 3** – February 9, 1972 photo. View looking Southwest toward north side of Bldg 41. Excavation for new EQ tank is shown in the foreground. Note that the two new settling basins have already been constructed and are filled with water.



**Photo 4** - February 9, 1972 photo. View looking west, east of new settling basins. Note fire protection tank in background and absence of EQ tank.

## Historical Photograph Summary



**Photo 5** – February 9, 1972 photo. View looking southwest along east side of new settling basins. Note large 30" diameter stormwater pipe in foreground.



**Photo 6** - February 9, 1972 photo. View looking northeast from near north mandoor of WWTP building. Note former sump pad and excavation for new EQ tank.

## Historical Photograph Summary



**Photo 7** – February 1972 photo. View looking west from east side of WWTP tanks. Note both former (original 4'x4') sump pads and excavation for new EQ tank. Original EQ tank is visible in background.



**Photo 8** - February 1972 photo. View looking south from northeast corner of new Settling tanks. Note 30" diameter underground stormwater pipe and smaller sanitary pipe. Workers are standing on new base for pH adjustment tank.

## Historical Photograph Summary



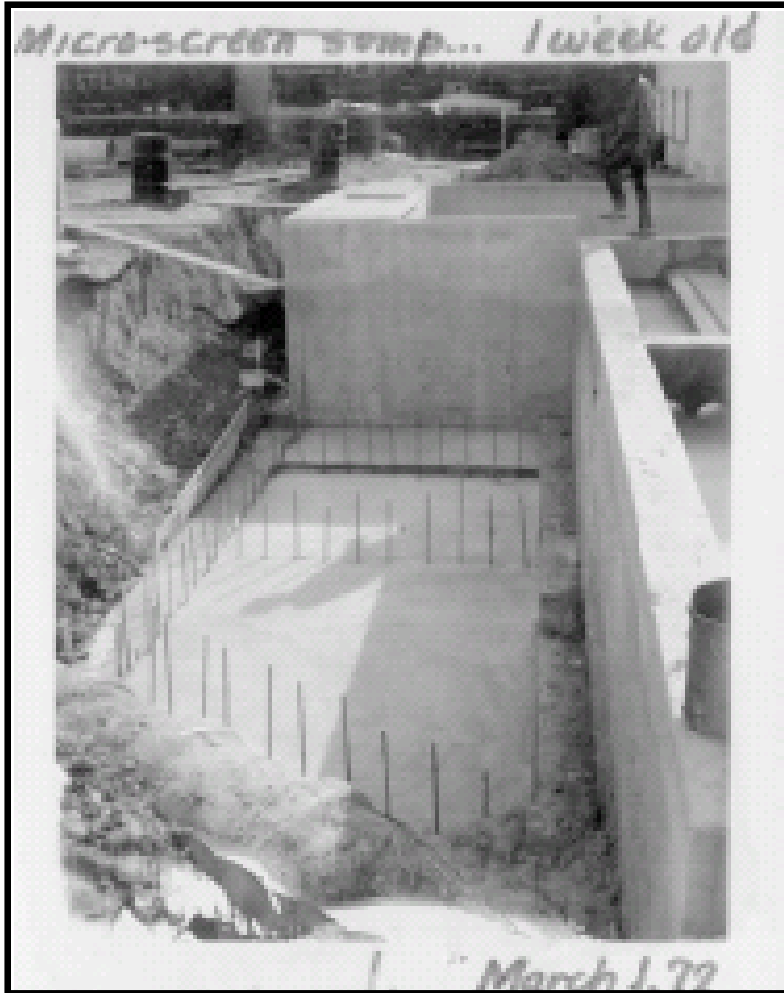
**Photo 9** – February 1972 photo. View looking southwest from northeast corner of new Settling tanks. Note western WWTP building extension.



**Photo 10** - March 1, 1972 photo. View looking west from east side of new EQ tank (inside of south settling tank appears to be asphalt coated).



## Historical Photograph Summary



**Photo 11** – March 4, 1972 photo. View looking south from northeast corner of new settling basins.

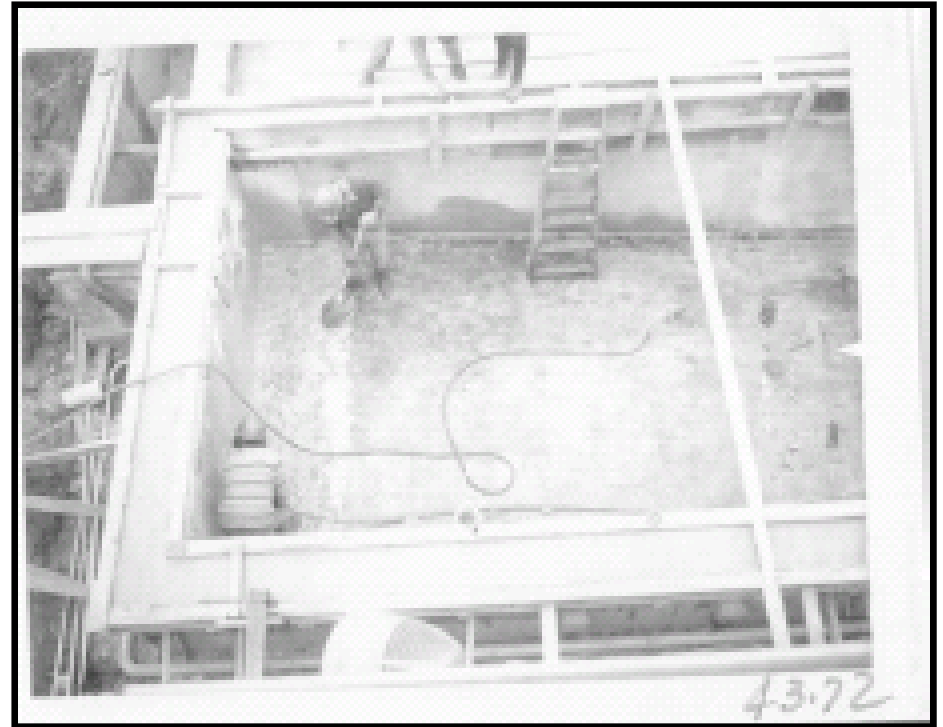


**Photo 12** - March 6, 1972 photo. View looking southwest toward the northeast corner of the EQ tank. The three pipes are presumed to be from Bldg 2 WW tank area. Rebar from Neutralization tank wall construction in background.

## Historical Photograph Summary

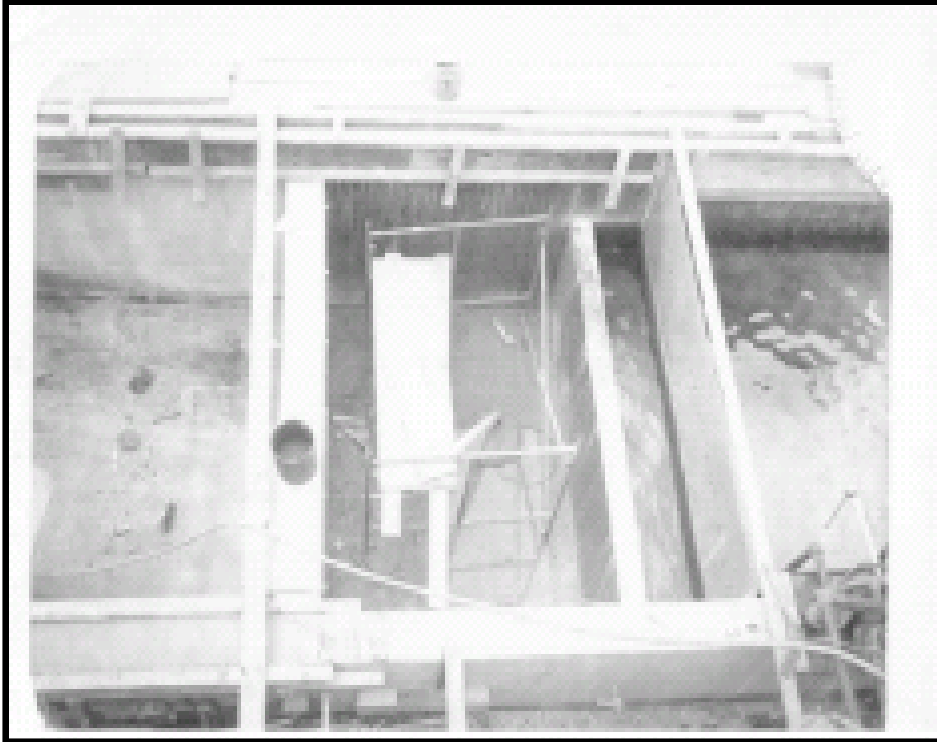


**Photo 13** – April 3, 1972 photo. View looking west, east of new WW tanks for Bldg 41. Apparent sump/cover at northeast corner of WWTP building.



**Photo 14** - April 3, 1972 photo. View looking north from WWTP roof at west side of new Flocculation tank.

## *Historical Photograph Summary*

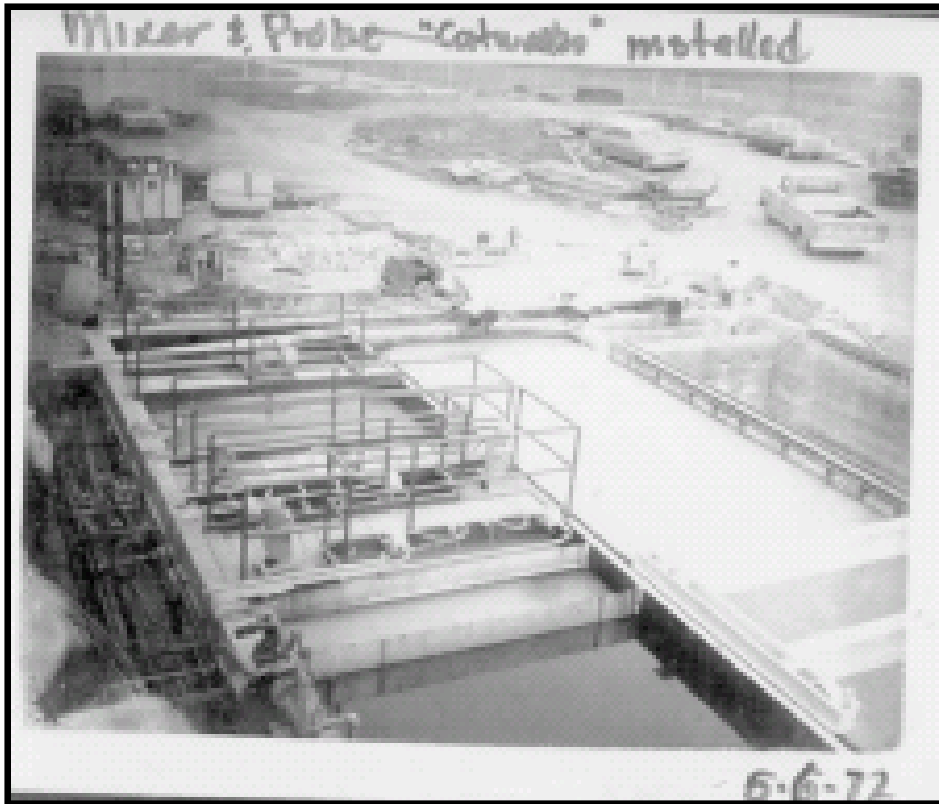


**Photo 15** – View looking north from WWTP roof at new Precipitation tank.



**Photo 16** - April 12, 1972 photo. View looking north at west side of new settling basins.

## Historical Photograph Summary

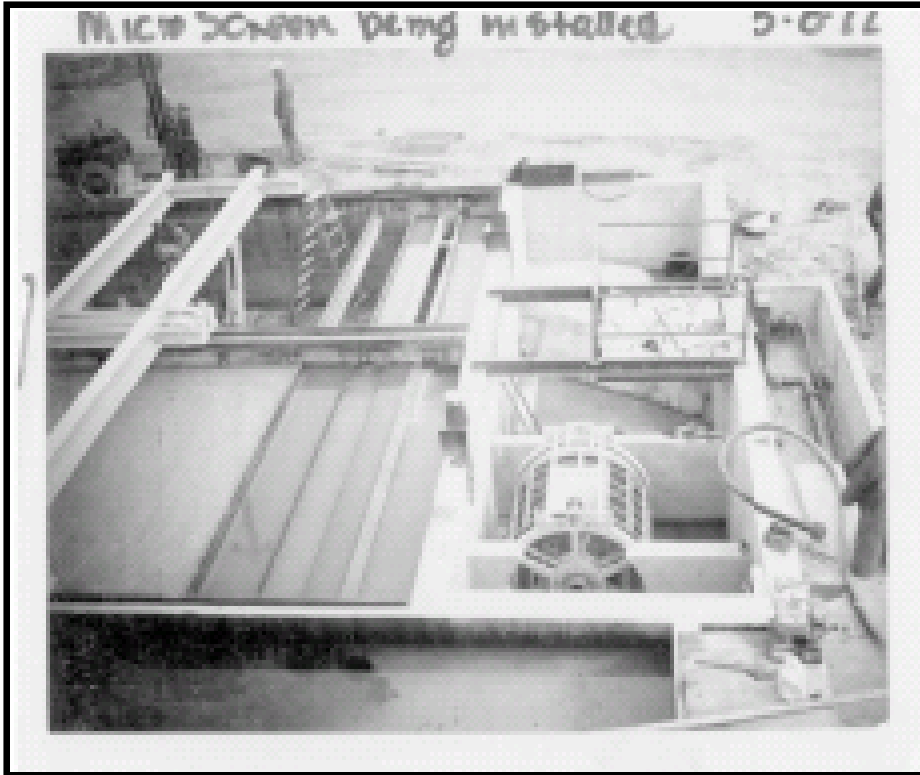


**Photo 17** – May 6, 1972 photo. View looking northwest from WWTP roof at new Precipitation and Flocculation tanks and equipment installation. North settling tank was empty.

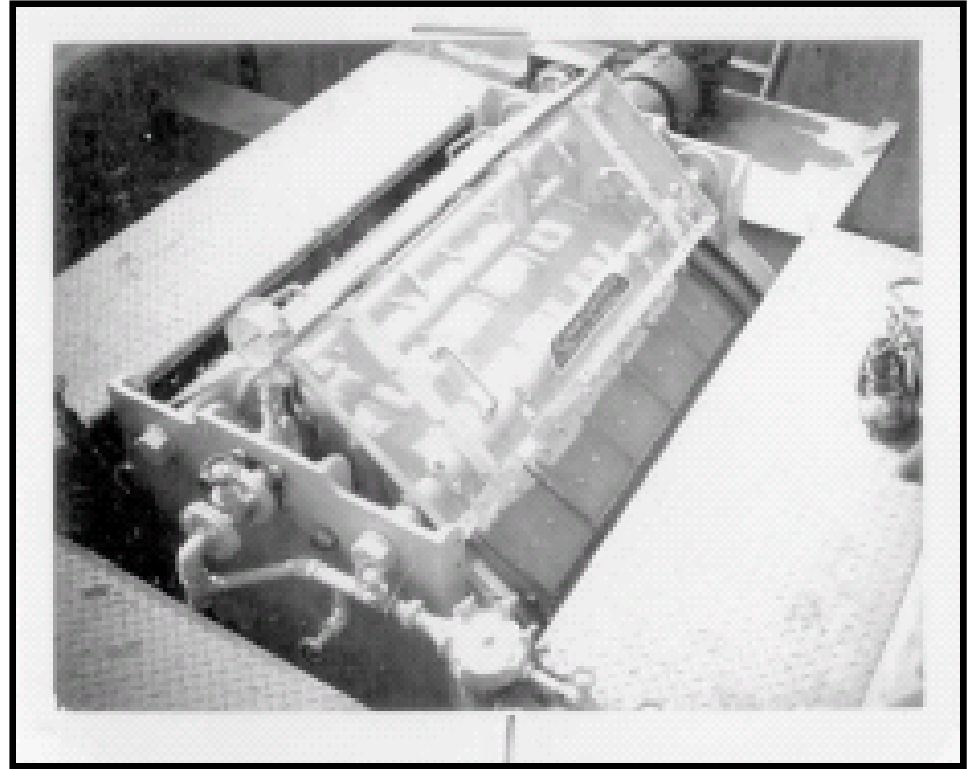


**Photo 18** - May 8, 1972 photo. View looking north from WWTP roof.

## Historical Photograph Summary

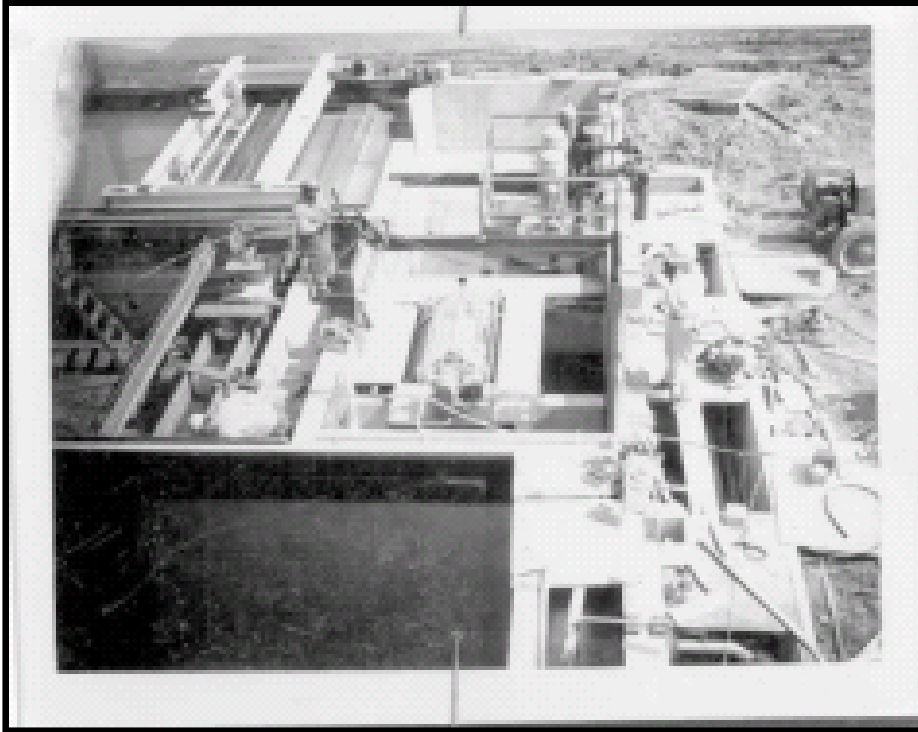


**Photo 19** – May 8, 1972 photo. View looking northwest from WWTP roof at new Micro screen and effluent discharge point (northeast corner of Oxidation tank). Pipe trench is present on the right-hand side.

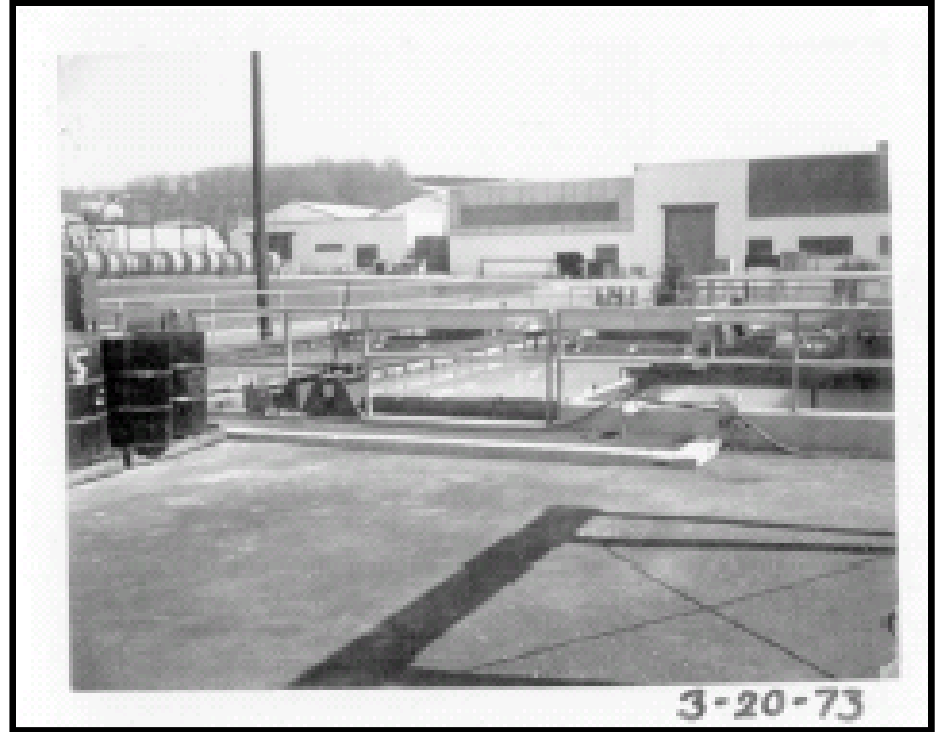


**Photo 20** - Close-up of former micro screen equipment .

## Historical Photograph Summary

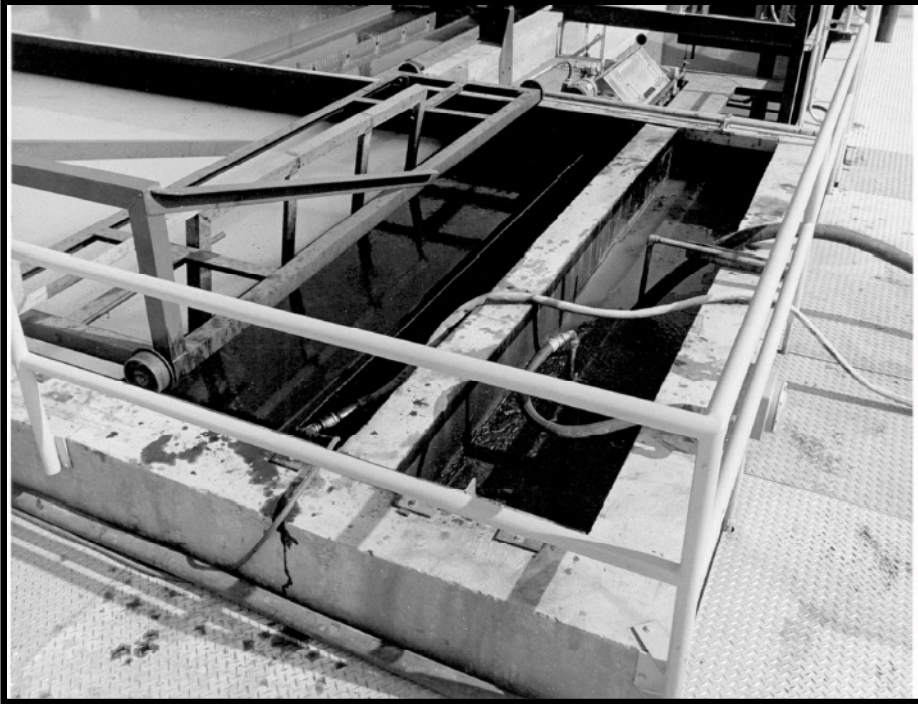


**Photo 21** – Undated photo. View looking north from WWTP roof at new Microscreen installation. Pipe trench is present along east side of tanks and is partially covered and north settling basin is full.

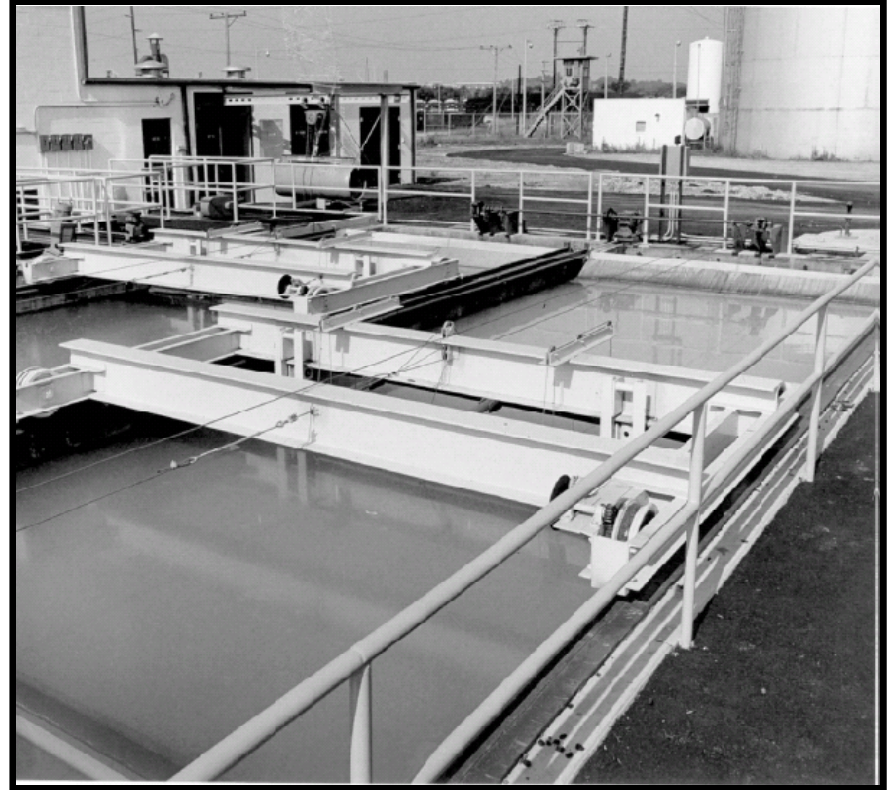


**Photo 22** - March 20, 1973 photo. View looking east to northeast from west side of new settling basins. Asphalt pavement is present around tanks.

## *Historical Photograph Summary*



**Photo 23** – View of southeast corner of new EQ tank in operation (no date). Metal plates are present over pipe trench on the right side.



**Photo 24** - View looking west to southwest from north side of north settling basin (no date).



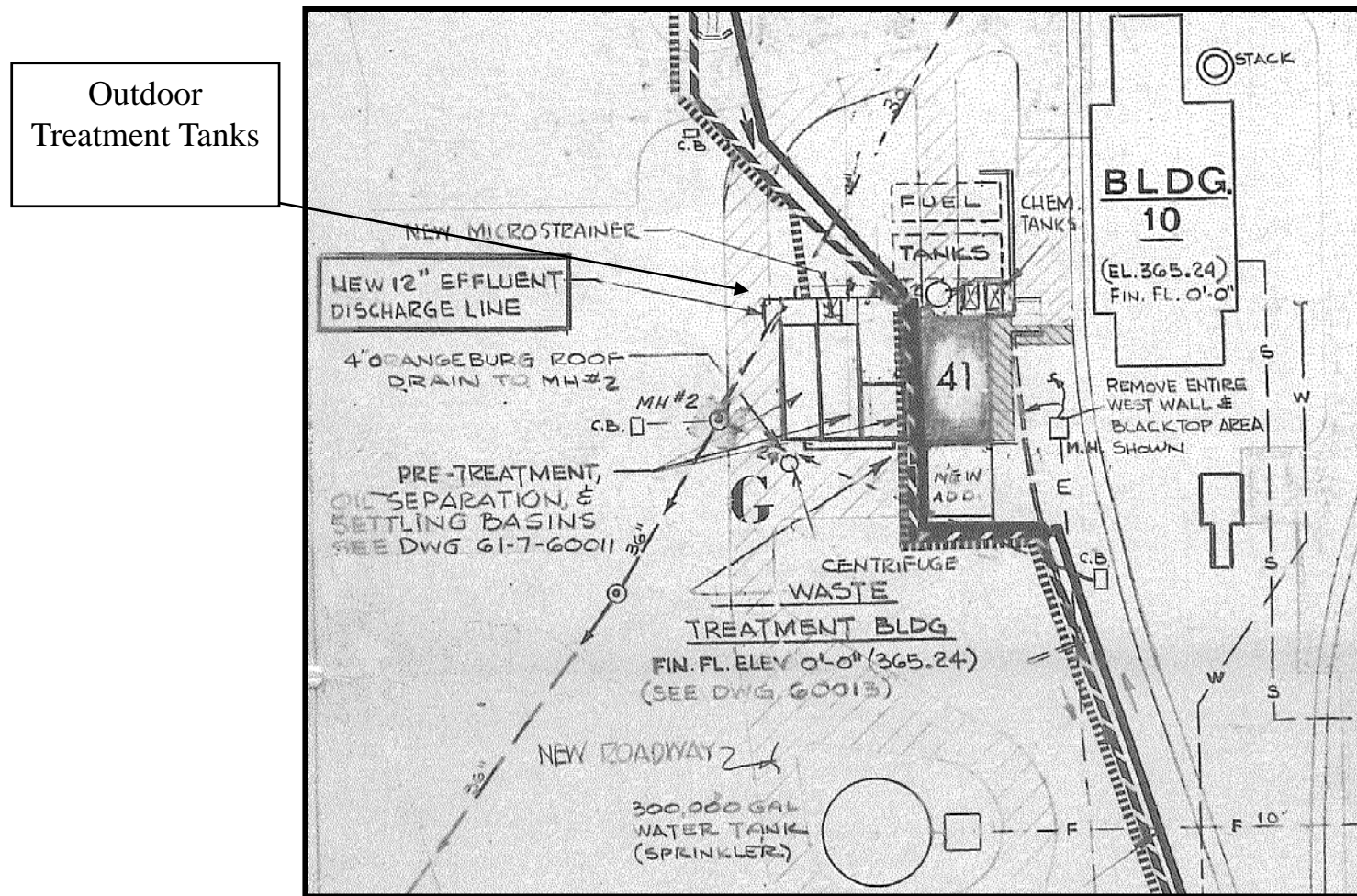
## *Historical Photograph Summary*



**Photo 25** – Undated photo. View looking south from northwest corner of settling basins.



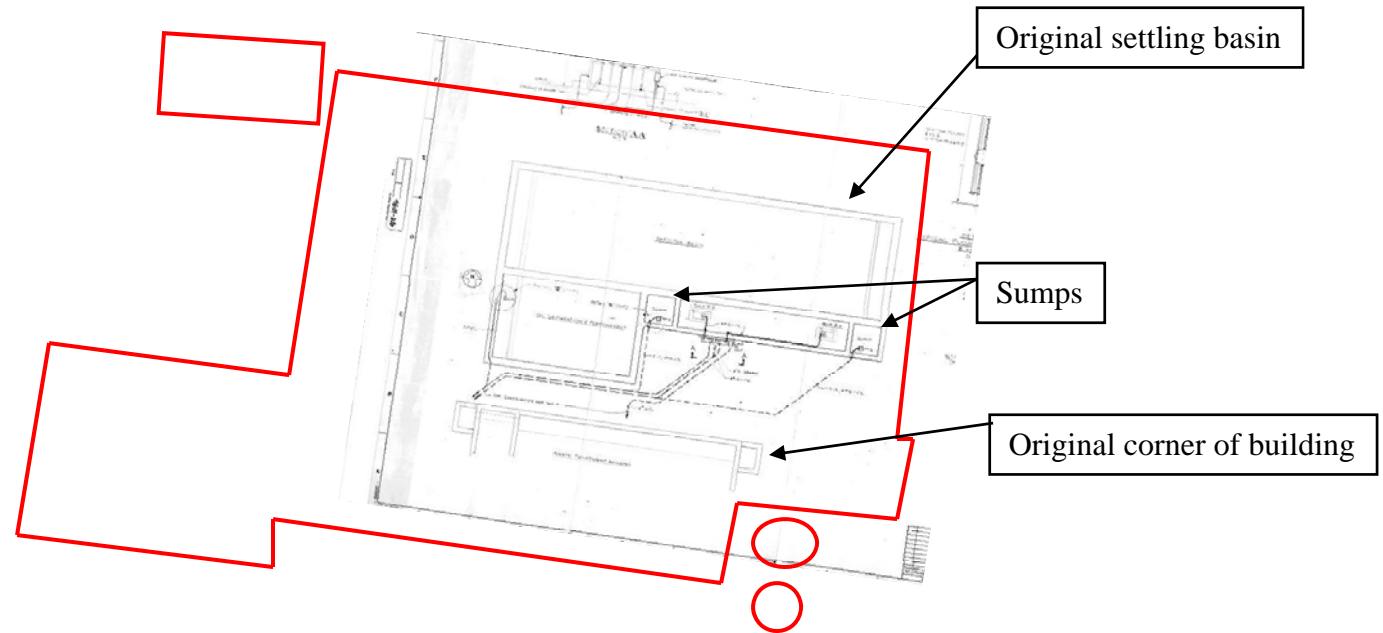
## Historical Drawings



Outdoor  
Treatment Tanks

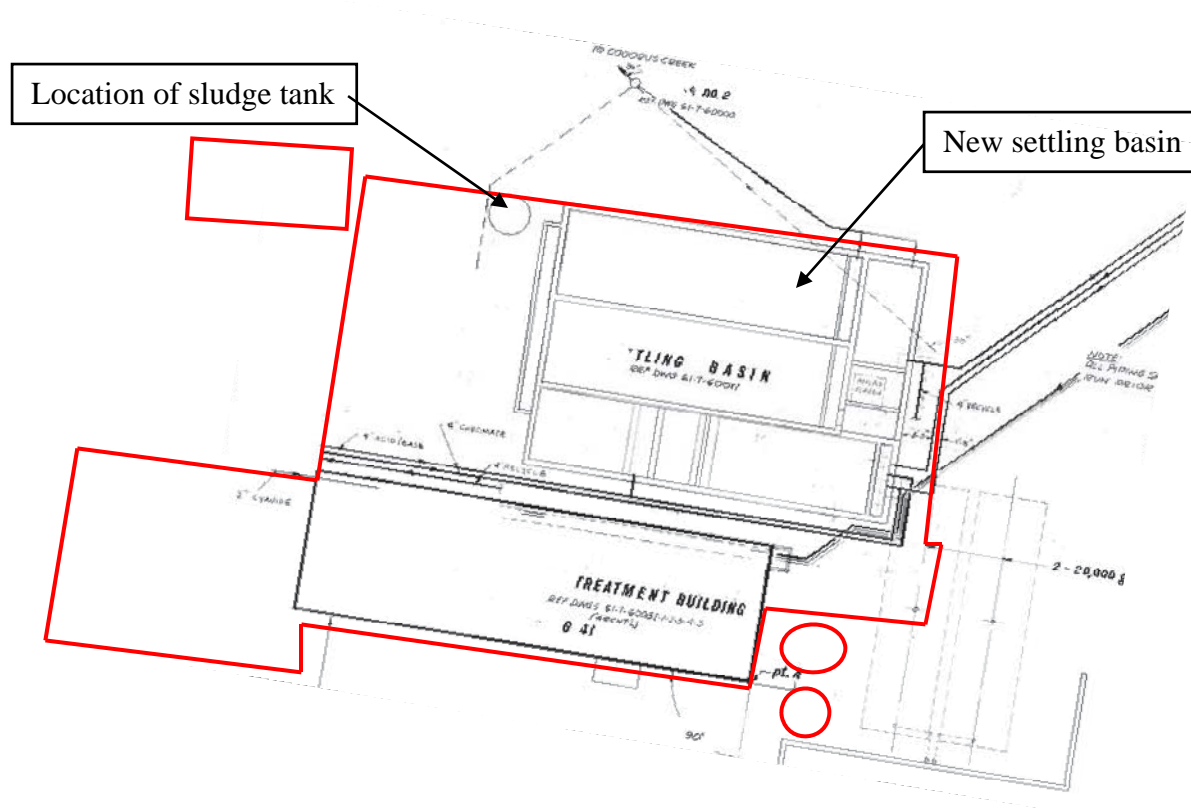
**Figure 1** – December 5, 1967 AMF drawing No. 61-7-60000 (Proposed New Waste Treatment Building 41 - east orientation). Note location of original Building 41 structure and outdoor treatment tanks. Sumps located on the northeast and northwest corners of the building connected to piping from Building 2 & 4 wastewater tanks, respectively. Also note discharge to stormwater manhole from northeast corner of lone settling basin. Obscured note on this drawing indicated that the settling basin measured 54' long by 14' wide; the EQ tank measured 20'L x 12'W; and the sumps each measured 4' x 4'.

## Historical Drawings



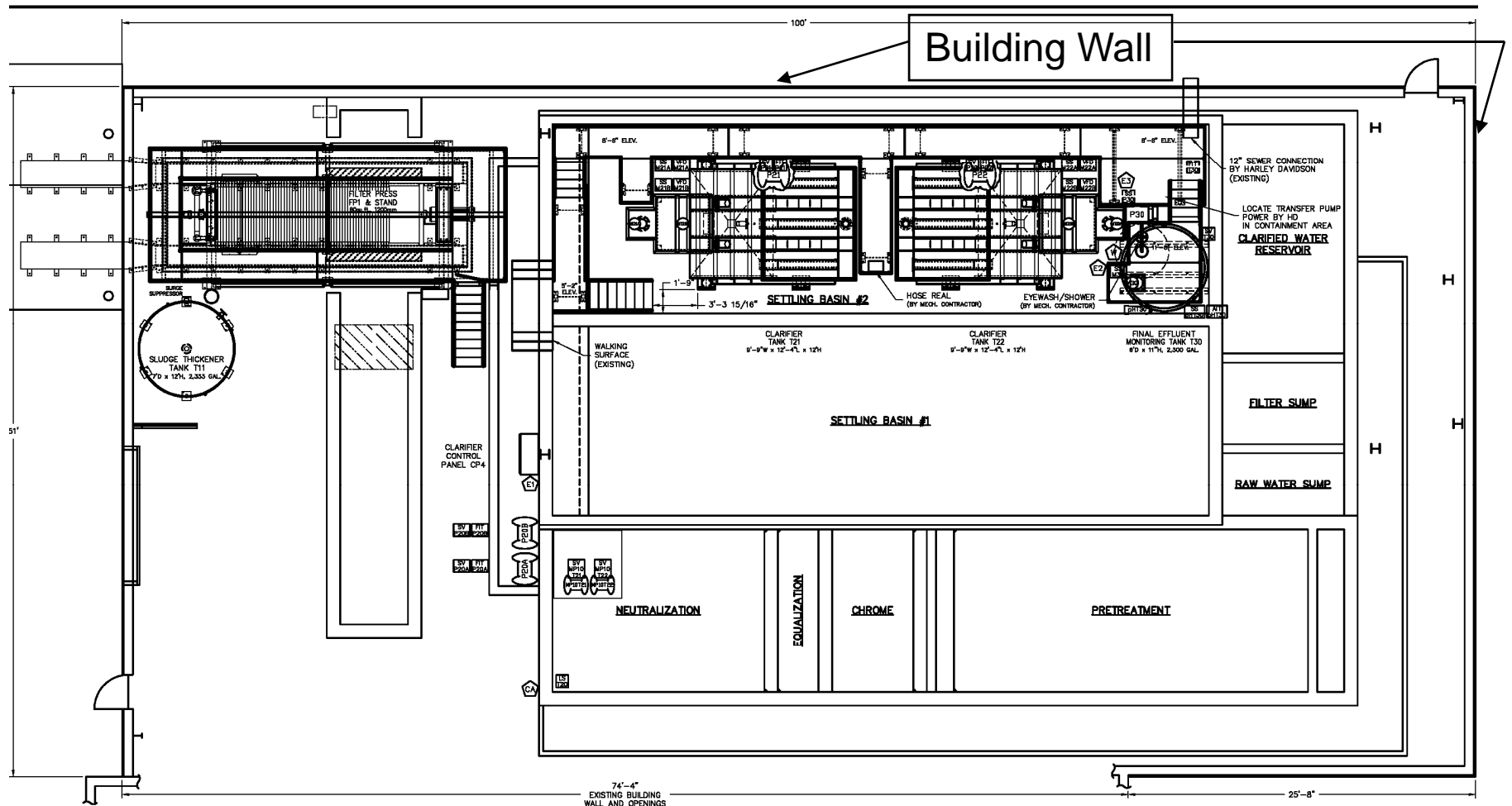
**Figure 2** – August 2, 1968 drawing with current WWTP outline shown in red. Note location of original lone settling basin, sumps, and northern corners of original WWTP Building.

# Historical Drawings



**Figure 3** – (1972?) drawing with outline of current WWTP shown in red. Note planned locations of settling basins; pipes from Bldgs 2 (east) & 4 (west); and location of sludge tank (W of North settling basin).

# Historical Drawings



**Figure 4** – June 20, 2007 proposed (existing) layout [J. Mark Systems] showing Bldg 41 wastewater tank area only. Note proposed use of northern settling basin with a new lamella clarifier; new location of sludge filter press (indoors); and existing sludge pit (west of settling basins). Building walls and current roof over the WWTP basins was constructed circa 1980, according to other available construction drawings.

**APPENDIX C**

**Soil Boring Logs**

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-3415-SB-001		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			Concrete	PID (ED KR 305)				
1			Concrete Floor 0-1'					
2		0/3	Gravel Sub-base 1'-1'11"					Sample #4
3			No Recovery					@ (047)
4			3-3.3 10YR 2/1,	1.6				ONLY 1 SAMPLE
5			3.3-4.7 10YR 5/6, CL clay, low silt, moist, medium plasticity, semi-dens	1.5				
6		2/3	4.7-5 10YR 5/6, CL, clay, moist, low plasticity, semi- dense. <5% sub rounded quartzite, <3% fine to coarse sand	2.0				
			Refusal @ 5' bgs					

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 3' rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/7/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/7/08	Slot Size:	Notes: Background PID 0.2
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	Used PVC (4") to keep head out of
Blown/Bailed Yield:		Geoprobe area

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Setting Basin				Location: HD - B41S - SB - 000		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0				PID (EDR) (305)				
0.6			Concrete					
0.6 - 1.7			Gravel					
1.7 - 2.0		1.1/3	GC gravelly clay, saturated, no plasticity, sub rounded gravel, low density, citrus like odor	18.6	Breathing Zone of C. Homer 1.2 ppm			Sample 0-3 @ 1227
2.0 - 2.8			GC gravelly clay, saturated, sub rounded gravel, citrus like odor, no plasticity	7.2				
3.3			Refusal @ 3.3' bgs No Recovery					
4.0		0/3						
5.0								
6.0								

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 3' Rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/7/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/7/08	Slot Size:	Notes: P/C (4") used to keep H <sub>2</sub> O out of Geoprobe Area
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	Bulkhead PID 0.5
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - South Settling Basin				Location: HD-BHS-SB-003		Page 1 of 2		
Project No.: 01-633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0				PID (EO KR 305)				
0.5			0-0.5' Concrete					
0.5-2'			Gravel					
2		0.2   3	2-2.2 10YR 2/1, CL, Black, Saturated, low density, clay, medium plasticity	12.7		C. Homer Breathing Zone 0.9 ppm		
3			3-3.2 SAME AS ABOVE, moist	29.3	}	C. Homer Breathing Zone 0.8 ppm		Sample 04 @ 1323
4		3   3	3.2-4.9 2.5Y 5/3, LL, clay, low plasticity, dense, damp, citrus like odor, mottling 10YR 2/2	20.9				
5			4.9-6 10YR 5/6, CL, clay, low plasticity, dense, damp, burning brakes-like odor, 10YR 6/2 mottling	2.4				
6								

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 3' Rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: Emily Wade	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/7/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/7/08	Slot Size:	Notes: Used 4" PVC to keep H <sub>2</sub> O out of
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	Geoprobe Area
Blown/Bailed Yield:		PJD Background 0.6 ppm



SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 - South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B41S-SB-003		Page 2 of 2		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
6								
7		3/3	6-9 SAME AS ABOVE	1.2				Sample 07 e 1337
8				1.6				
9				1.3				
10								
11								
12								

Driller:	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type:	Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size:	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type:	Quantity:
Logged By:	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:	
Drilling Started:	Screen Type:	Date/Time:	
Drilling Completed:	Slot Size:	Notes:	
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:		
Blown/Bailed Yield:			

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B41S-SB-004		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			0-0.5' Concrete	PID (ED) (CR) 30s				
0.5		0.9/3	0.5 - 1.7' Gravel layer					
1.7			1.7 - 2' 10YR 2/1, CL, clay Saturated, med. plasticity, semi-dense 23% sub angular gravel	12.2				Sample 03 @ 0755
2.6			2.2 - 2.6' 10YR 5/6, CL, clay dense, damp, low plasticity 23% sub rounded gravel	11.5				
3		0.7/3	3 - 3.7' SAME AS ABOVE	10.3				
3.7			Refusal @ 3.7' bgs					

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geopipe 3' Rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/8/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/8/08	Slot Size:	Notes: Background PID 0.5 ppm
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	4" PVC used to keep H <sub>2</sub> O out of
Blown/Bailed Yield:		Geopipe Location

**SOIL BORING LOG**

Client: *Harley Davidson - S. Settling Basin - Follow - Up*  
Project No.:

Boring/Well No.:  
Location: *HD-B415-SB-54N*  
Surface Elevation:

T.O.C. Elev.:

Page 1 of 1

Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0				PID (ppm) # 14999 0.8 Background				
3		1.1/3	0-0.7 - Concrete 0.7-1.9 - Gravel - Removed 1.9-3 7.5 YR 4/6, CL, clay, low plasticity, dense, damp	4.2 6.0				
6		3/3	3-6 10YR 6/6, CL, clay, low plasticity, dense, hard, damp	9.8 6.0 5.4				Sample @ 6 @ 1050
9		1.2/3	6-6.6 SAME AS ABOVE 6.6-7.2 SAME AS ABOVE - med plasticity Refusal @ 7.2' bgs	20.4 21.9				Sample @ 7 @ 1054
12								
15								
18								

Driller: <i>Bobby Lewis</i>	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: <i>Geoprobe</i>	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: <i>EMW</i>	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: <i>4/2/08</i>	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: <i>4/2/08</i>	Slot Size:	Notes:
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B415-SB-005		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0								
1		0.9/3	0-0.5 Concrete					Sample 03 @ 0825
2			0.5-1.5 Gravel					
3			1.5-1.8 10YR 2/1, CL, clay, saturated, semi-dense, med to low plasticity, 25% sub rounded gravel 1.8-2.4 10YR 5/6, CL, clay, damp, dense, low plasticity, 23% sub angular gravel	4.6 1.3				
4		3/3	3-6 10YR 5/6, CL, clay, damp, dense, low plasticity, 23% angular gravel, 10YR 6/8, 10YR 7/2 mottling	1.0 3.1				Sample 06 @ 0840 Dup @ 0853 HD-B415-SB-005-06-1
5								
6				5.0				

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 3' Rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/8/05	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/8/05	Slot Size:	Notes: Background PID 0.3 ppm
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	4" PVC used to keep H <sub>2</sub> O out of Geoprobe location
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-8415-SB-006		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0				PID (CD 10) 30%				
0.6			0-0.6 Concrete					
1.6			0.6-1.6 Gravel					
1.9		1.2/3	1.6-1.9 Clay 2 5/10B, CL, clay, moist, low density, high plasticity, 23% sub rounded quartzite	1.4				Sample 03 @ 1113
2.5			1.9-2.5 10YR 5/6, CL, moist, semi-dense clay, med. plasticity, hard	1.6				
3.0				1.7				
3.6			3-6 10YR 5/8, CL, clay, medium plasticity, damp, dense, 23% sub rounded quartzite fragments, 23% fine sand, 7.5 YR 5/8 mottling	1.1				Sample 06 @ 1125 Dug HD-8415-SB-006-06-1 @ 1126
4.0		3/3		1.4				
4.6				1.6				
6.0								

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type:	Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 3' Rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type:	Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:	
Drilling Started: 2/7/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:	
Drilling Completed: 2/7/08	Slot Size:	Notes: Used 4" PVC to keep H <sub>2</sub> O	
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	Out of Geoprobe area	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		0.5 Background PID	

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B41S-SB-007		Page 1 of 2		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			0-0.5 Concrete	PID ppm (EO KR) 305				
1			0.5-1.8' Gravel					
2		1/3	1.8-2.6 10YR 2/1, CL, saturated, low density, med plasticity, <3% sub rounded to sub angular gravel, citrus-like odor	73.3		C. Homer Breathing Zone 1.1 ppm		Sample 03 @ 1410
3			2.6-2.8 - 2.5Y 5/4, CL, silty clay, damp, citrus like odor, semi-dense, low plasticity, <3% sub rounded gravel	226				
4			3-3.4 SAME AS ABOVE	146				Sample 06 @ 1425
5		3/3	3.4-6 2.5Y 5/4, CL, silty clay, dense, citrus like odor, low plasticity, 10YR 7/1 and 7.5YR 5/8 Mottling	447				
6				118				

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 3' Rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/7/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/7/08	Slot Size:	Notes: 4" PVC used to keep H <sub>2</sub> O out
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	of Geoprobe area
Blown/Bailed Yield:		Background PID 0.6ppm

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 - South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B41S-SB-007		Page 2 of 2		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
6								
7		3/3	6-9 SAME AS ABOVE	1101		C. Homer Breathing Zone 1.3 ppm		
8				886		↓		Sample 10 @ 1502
9				265				
10		0.7/3	Refusal @ 9.7' bgs	220				
11								
12								

Driller:	Well Casing:	Dia.	To	Seal Type:	Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size:	Casing Type:			Filter Pack Type:	Quantity:
Logged By:	Well Screen:	Dia.	To	Static Water Level:	
Drilling Started:	Screen Type:			Date/Time:	
Drilling Completed:	Slot Size:			Notes:	
Well Construction:	Grout Type:		Quantity:		
Blown/Bailed Yield:					

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Herky Davidson - S. Settling Basin Follow-up				Location: HD-B415-SB-S7N		Page / of 1		
Project No.:				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0				PID (ppm) # 14999 Background 1.0				
3		1 1/3	Concrete Gravel	11.4				
			1A-2.3 - 2.5Y 3/2 - GC. gravelly Clay, low plast, damp. Semi-dense (quartzite suba. gravel)	11.6				
		3/3	2.3-3 - 10YR 5/4 - Same as Above	9.4				
			3-4.9 - Same as Above 10YR 5/6	10.2				
			4.9-6 - 10YR 5/6, low plasticity, Semi-dense, damp, CL Clay, mottling, (10YR 5/6, G1)	13.0				
		3/3	6-7 Silt	12.8 45.7 9.7				
			7-9 10YR 5/3, med plast. Semi- dense, moist clay, mottling (10YR 5/6, G1)	13.5				
12		3/3	9-10 Silt	37.1				Sample 11 @ 1202
			10-12 SAME AS ABOVE	19.4 13.8				
15		3/3	12-13.2	15.0				Sample 14 @ 1209
			13.2-14 10YR 5/4, CL, clay, ↑ moisture, sticky, semi-dense, med plast	18.3 20.4				
			14-15 10YR 4/4 SAME AS ABOVE	20.5				
		3/3	15-16 SAME AS ABOVE					Sample 16 @ 1214
			16-18 SAME AS ABOVE - SATURATED					
18			18' - END BORING					

Driller: Bobby Lewis	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 4/2/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 4/2/08	Slot Size:	Notes:
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		





SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B41S-SB-008		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			0-0.5 Concrete					
1			0.5-1.6 Gravel					
2		0.9/3	1.6-1.8 10YR 2/1, cc clay, Saturated, semi-dense, 63% sub angular gravel	2.7				Sample 03 @ 1550
3			1.8-2.5 10YR 5/6, cc, clay, clay, dense, low plasticity, 63% fine sand Recovery was a ribbon of soil, not whole diameter of tube	1.7				
4		0.5/3	3-3.5 SAME AS ABOVE Ribbon of soil Refusal @ 3.5' bgs	2.5				
5								
6								

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 3' rods	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/7/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/7/08	Slot Size:	Notes: Background PDD 0.7 ppm
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	4" PVC used to keep H <sub>2</sub> O out of
Blown/Bailed Yield:		Geoprobe Location

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B415-SB-009		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			0-0.9 Concrete					H <sub>2</sub> O Sample HD-B415-SW-009-01-0 @ 1420
1			0.9 - 1.7 Gravel (sat.)					Sample 02 @ 1445
2			1.7 - 2.3 10YR 2/1, CL Clay, saturated, semi-dry, Medium plasticity, 25% Angular gravel fill in					
3			2.3 - 2.7 10YR 8/6, CL Clay, semi dense, med plasticity, Septic like odor					
4			Refusal @ 27' bgs Hand Auger cannot catch, keeps slipping on hard surface					
5			Could not use due to keep 16" out of sample area saturated gravel kept caving in					
6								

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Hand Auger	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/8/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/8/08	Slot Size:	Notes:
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 - South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B41S-SB-010		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0				PJD (ED R R 305)				
1			0-0.8 Concrete					Sample #2 @ 1352
2			0.8-1.5 Gravel (saturated)					
3			1.5-2.0 10 YR 2/1 CL, Clay, saturated, semi-dense medium plasticity, Sptic like odor	15.8				
4			2.0 10 YR 5/8, Damp, Low plasticity, semi-dense, Cement like w/ septic like odor, 7.5 S/6 mottling	10.1				
5			Refusal @ 27 below concrete					
6			Note: Could not use PVC to keep out H <sub>2</sub> O - saturated gravel kept falling in, could not get PVC past gravel					

Driller: Chris Humer	Well Casing: Dia.	To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Hand Auger	Casing Type:		Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: CMW	Well Screen: Dia.	To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/8/08	Screen Type:		Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/8/08	Slot Size:		Notes:
Well Construction:	Grout Type:	Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:			

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Setting Basin				Location: HD-B41S - SB - 011		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			Concrete Floor 0 - 1'	PID (ED RR) 305				
1			Gravel s&s - base 1' - 1.7					
2			No recovery / refusal @ 2.7' bgs					
2			no sample taken at location					
4								
5								
6								

Driller: Chris Home	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Geoprobe 2 1/4" OD	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/8/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/8/08	Slot Size:	Notes:
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: HD-B41S-SB-017		Page ( of )		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0				PEO ppn (ED PK) 30"				
1			0-0.5 - Concrete					Sample 02 @ 1218
			0.5 - 1.5 Gravel					
			1.5 1040 2/1, CL, saturated, med. plasticity, non-dense, 23% sub angular gravel, clay	0.8				
2			2.3 1040 5/4, CL, clay, damp, semi-dense, low plasticity	33	Breathing Zone 0.0 ppm			
3			2.6' Refusal					
			Auger keeps slipping on Rock? Concrete?					
4								
5								
6								

Driller: C. Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Hand Auger 2 1/4"	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/8/08	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/8/08	Slot Size:	Notes: PEO Background 0.3 ppm
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	4" PVC used to keep auger out of location - use wet vac to clean hole out
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.:		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: Harley Davidson - Bldg 41 South Settling Basin				Location: H10-B415-SB-013		Page 1 of 1		
Project No.: 01-1633-00-5127-127				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			0-1.0 Concrete	PID (ppm) (0.2 ppb) #0.2				
1			1-1.3 Gravel	410				Sample #2 @ 1245
1.3			1.3 - 1.7 10YR 2/1, moist, CL, clay, medium plasticity, som dense					
1.7			1.7 - 1.9 10YR 5/6, CL, clay dense, damp, low plasticity, 10% sub rounded fine sand					
1.9			1.9 - 10YR 5/8, CL, clay dense, damp, low plasticity, 10YR 6/8 mottling, citrus like odor	153		Braking zone 0.2 ppb		
2.1			2.1' bgs Refusal - Rock? Auger keeps skipping					
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								

Driller: Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: Hand Auger 2 1/4"	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: EMW	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 2/8/07	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 2/8/07	Slot Size:	Notes: 4" PVC used to keep H <sub>2</sub> O out of Auger location - cleaned out with wet vac, PID Background 0.2 ppb
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.: AD - 341-SB-E14 T.O.C. Elev.:				
Client: Harley Davidson				Location: Bid. 41		Page 1 of 2		
Project No.:				Surface Elevation:				
Depth Feet	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details	
0		concret (0-5') gravel sub base & fill 1.5-						
1			0.0					
2			0.0					
3			0.0					
4			0.0					
5		cl, clay 10yr 5/6, soft, moist, med. pl.	0.0 X					
6			2.3					
7			0.0					
8		cl, clay, 10yr 5/6, firm, st. med. pl	1.1					
9			6.6					
10		cl, clay w/ gravel (15%) 10yr 5/6, Firm, moist quartz frags	7.7 X					
11			12.5					
12			4.5					

Driller: EE+S Chris Homer	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: DT-54	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: AJS	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: 1200	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: 1300	Slot Size:	Notes:
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		

SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.: SB-14		T.O.C. Elev.:		
Client: H.D.		Project No.:		Location: Bldg 41 S		Surface Elevation:		
Page 2 of 2								
Depth Feet	Rec. Blows/Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
12			moist 12-12.3					
12	4/4		CL clay, 10yr 5/6 to 10yr 7/8, mottled, firm, sl. moist, med pl.	7.9				
14			-firmer	20.5" X 5.5"				
14				7.4				
16				6.3				
16	4/4		CL, sandy clay w/ gravel 5y 6/8, wet, soft	1.4				
16				9.7				
18			CL clay w/ gravel firm, med. pl. 10yr 5/6 moist	57" X 14.8"				
18				10.6				
20			CL clay w/ gravel, wet soft, low pl. 10yr 5/6	13.4				
20				5.8				
20				8.0				
20			end @ 20' bgs	8.0				

Driller: <b>SEAS Chris Homer</b>	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type: Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size: <b>DT-54</b>	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type: Quantity:
Logged By: <b>AS</b>	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:
Drilling Started: <b>1200</b>	Screen Type:	Date/Time:
Drilling Completed: <b>1300</b>	Slot Size:	Notes:
Well Construction: <b>N/A</b>	Grout Type: Quantity:	
Blown/Bailed Yield:		



SOIL BORING LOG				Boring/Well No.: HD-841-SB-E15T.O.C. Elev.:				
Client: <i>F.D</i>		Location: <i>Building 41 S</i>			Page 1 of 1			
Project No.:		Surface Elevation:						
Depth Feet	Blow Counts	Recovery (ft/ft)	Overburden/Lithologic Description	Sample ID/ OVA Screen	Graphic Log	Well Construction Graphic	Depth Feet	Well Construction Details
0			Concrete (0-1.5') gravel & Fill (1.5-3')				0	●
2		Hand Auger to 6'	CL	Range 2.7 ppm to 5.4 ppm			2	
4							4	
6	●		Hand Auger Refusal @ 6' bgs				6	
8	●						8	

Driller:	Well Casing: Dia. To	Seal Type:	Quantity:
Drilling Type/Size:	Casing Type:	Filter Pack Type:	Quantity:
Logged By: <i>AJS</i>	Well Screen: Dia. To	Static Water Level:	
Drilling Started:	Screen Type:	Date/Time:	
Drilling Completed:	Slot Size:	Notes:	
Well Construction:	Grout Type: Quantity:		
Blown/Bailed Yield:			

## **APPENDIX D**

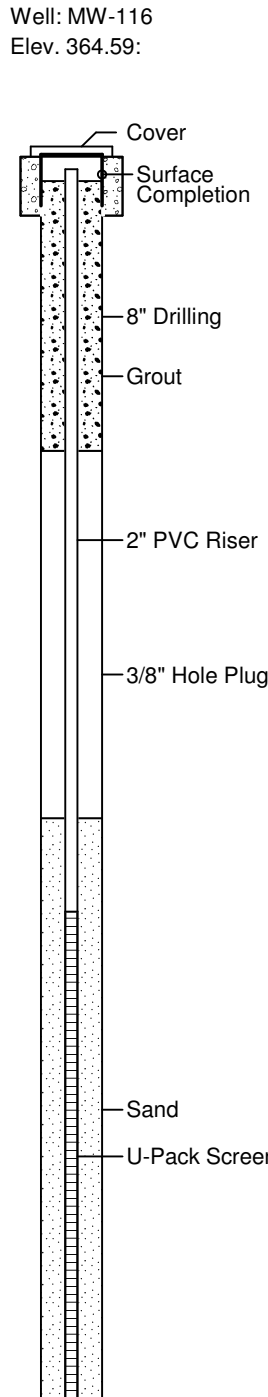
### **Well Construction Log for MW-116**

Former York Naval Ordnance Plant  
 Supplemental RI  
 1425 Eden Road, York, PA  
 SAIC Project #01-1633-00-9806-200

Drilling Company : Eichelbergers, Inc.  
 Drilled By : Carey Knaub  
 Logged By : Steve McFeaters  
 Drilling Method : Air Rotary  
 Total Depth of Boring : 50.8' bgs

Drilling Bit Diameter : 8" to 50.8' bgs  
 Drilling Started : 4/15/08  
 Final Completion : 4/17/08  
 Well Construction : 2" Schedule 40 PVC  
 Well Development : 5/6/08

Depth in Feet	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	Fractures	PID ppm	Depth in Feet	Well Construction Information
0	Asphalt			0.0	0	<b>WELL CONSTRUCTION</b> Date Compl. : 4/17/08 Total Depth of Well : 50.8' bgs
5	CL, silty clay, 10YR 4/2 dark grayish brown, moist, medium plasticity			0.0	5	
5	ML, clayey silt, 10YR 6/4 light yellowish brown, moist, low plasticity, some sub rounded gravel			0.0	5	<b>WELL CASING</b> Material : Sch. 40 PVC Riser Diameter : 2" From : 0.5' - 30.8' bgs
10	CL, silty clay, 10YR 5/4 yellowish brown, moist, medium density, low to medium plasticity			0.0	10	<b>WELL Screen</b> Material : U-Pack Slot Size : 0.010" Diameter : 2" From : 30.8' - 50.8' bgs
15	Same As Above, with sub angular quartzite gravel			0.0	15	<b>SAND</b> Type : #1 Morie Sand Amount : 10, 50 lb bags
20	CL, silty clay, 10YR 5/3 brown, moist, medium density, low to medium plasticity			0.0	20	<b>BENTONITE</b> Type : 3/8" Hole Plug Amount : 2, 50 lb bags
20	CL, silty clay, 10YR 5/4 yellowish brown, slightly wet, medium plasticity			0.0	20	<b>GROUT</b> Type : Benseal/ Portland Cement Amount : 1, 50 lb bag/ : 8, 94 lb bags
25	Cuttings wet at 22' bgs			0.0	25	<b>WELL COVER</b> Type : Locking Flush Mount
25	CL, silty clay, 10YR 5/6 yellowish brown, gravel, wet, medium plasticity			0.0	25	
30	Weathered Phyllite			0.0	30	<b>Notes:</b> 8" Drilling (0 - 50.8' bgs) Bentonite Seal (12' - 27' bgs) 2.5, 50 lb bags MW-116 was constructed with U-Pack well screen and conventional sand pack. Three attempts were made to construct MW-116, resulting in the final construction as described above. Static water level 18.65' below top of inside casing on 5/6/08.
35				0.0	35	
40	Competent Limestone with quartz		38	0.0	40	
40	WBZ at 38' bgs, >2 gpm			0.0	40	
45				0.0	45	
50	END OF BORING @ 50.8' BGS			0.0	50	
55				0.0	55	



**APPENDIX E**

**Groundwater Sampling Log**



## GROUNDWATER SAMPLE LOG

Project Name: Harley-Davidson - Supplemental RI  
 Project Number: 01-1633-00-9806-200  
 Sampled by: JJB & \_\_\_\_\_  
 Checked by: \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_

Well Identification: MW-116  
 Project Location: York, PA  
 Date: 5-21-08  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**WELL VOLUME CALCULATION:**

Circle diameter and K used below: 1" I.D., K=0.041 gal/ft      6" I.D., K=1.469 gal/ft  
 2" I.D., K=0.163 gal/ft      8" I.D., K=2.61 gal/ft  
 4" I.D., K=0.653 gal/ft      10" I.D., K=4.08 gal/ft  
 5" I.D., K=1.02gal/ft

**1 Well Volume:**

[Total Depth ( \_\_\_\_\_ ft) - Depth to Water ( 16.09 ft)] x K gal/ft = \_\_\_\_\_ gallons

**PURGE INFORMATION:**

Time	Temp. °C	pH s.u.	Turb. NTU	Cond. mS/cm	D.O. mg/L	Sal -----	PR gal/min	PV gallons	D.T.W. feet	Comments
0900	17.2	6.15	5	1.72	7.10	.08	.35	1.75	16.09	107.9 Hz
0905	17.7	6.42	709	1.66	7.8	.08	.25	3	16.32	106.7 Hz
0910	18.3	6.51	387	1.65	7.5	.08	.25	4.25	16.36	
0915	18.5	6.50	263	1.66	7.7	.08	.25	5.50	16.59	
0920	18.5	6.48	277	1.65	6.6	.08	.25	6.75	16.40	
0925	18.5	6.48	187	1.64	5.9	.08	.25	8	16.41	
0930	18.5	6.49	144	1.64	5.7	.08	.25	9.25	16.41	
0935	18.5	6.49	173	1.64	5.5	.08	.25	10.50	16.42	
0940	18.5	6.48	139	1.64	5.4	.08	.25	11.75	16.42	
0945	18.5	6.48	129	1.64	5.4	.08	.25	13	16.41	
0950	18.6	6.48	111.7	1.64	5.4	.08	.25	14.25	16.41	
0955	18.6	6.48	89.4	1.64	5.3	.08	.25	15.50	16.37	
1000	18.6	6.47	59.5	1.64	5.1	.08	.25	16.75	16.40	
1005	18.5	6.48	58.6	1.64	5.2	.08	.25	18	16.42	* FLUSHED CELL
1010	18.5	6.48	42.7	1.63	5.9	.08	.25	19.25	16.43	
1015	18.4	6.34	0	1.64	5.4	.08	.25	20.50	16.44	
1020	18.5	6.34	0	1.64	5.0	.08	.25	21.75	16.44	
1025	18.5	6.57	0	1.64	4.9	.08	.25	23	16.45	
1030	18.5	6.39	0	1.64	4.9	.08	.25	24.25	16.45	
									16.45	

**SAMPLING INFORMATION:**

Time/Date Started: 1030 | 5-21-08  
 Sampled by: JJB & \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sampling WL: 16.45 (ft)  
 Pump Depth: 38 (ft)

Pump Type and ID: 2" Grundfos # 16110  
 Water Quality Instrument: Horiba U-22 # 16358  
 Results to be Sent to: Todd Eaby

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:** (i.e. weather conditions, problems encountered, maintenance required, unusual color/odor, etc.) \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_



### GROUNDWATER SAMPLE LOG

Project Name: Harley-Davidson - Supplemental RI  
 Project Number: 01-1633-00-9806-200  
 Sampled by: MJL & \_\_\_\_\_  
 Checked by: \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_

Well Identification: MW-116  
 Project Location: York, PA  
 Date: 6-10-08  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### WELL VOLUME CALCULATION:

Circle diameter and K used below: 2" I.D., K=0.163 gal/ft  
 1" I.D., K=0.041 gal/ft  
 4" I.D., K=0.653 gal/ft  
 5" I.D., K=1.02gal/ft  
 6" I.D., K=1.469 gal/ft  
 8" I.D., K=2.61 gal/ft  
 10" I.D., K=4.08 gal/ft

#### 1 Well Volume:

[Total Depth (50 ft) - Depth to Water (17.67 ft)] x K gal/ft = 53 gallons

#### PURGE INFORMATION:

*Top of driveover*

Time	Temp. °C	pH s.u.	Turb. NTU	Cond. mS/cm	D.O. mg/L	Sal	PR gal/min	PV gallons	D.T.W. feet	Comments
0840	18.8	6.51	-5	2.06	1.39	0.10	0.22			
0845	18.8	6.56	-5	1.59	0.39	0.07			18.34	
0850	18.7	6.39	302	1.50	0.47	0.07			18.36	
0855	18.8	6.35	211	1.48	0.54	0.07			18.36	
0900	18.8	6.35	131	1.46	0.71	0.07			18.37	
0905	19.0	6.35	111	1.48	0.59	0.07			18.36	
0910	18.8	6.37	83.1	1.47	0.62	0.07	0.22		18.37	
0915	19.0	6.37	76.4	1.45	0.50	0.07			18.35	
0920	18.9	6.36	69.2	1.44	0.47	0.07			18.37	
0925	19.1	6.37	56.6	1.43	0.35	0.07			18.38	
0930	19.1	6.38	37.1	1.45	0.42	0.07			18.37	
0935	19.1	6.37	39.3	1.44	0.32	0.07			18.38	
0940	19.0	6.36	39.2	1.44	0.30	0.07			18.37	

#### SAMPLING INFORMATION:

Time/Date Started: 0940 | 6-10-08  
 Sampled by: MJL & \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sampling WL: 18.37 (ft)  
 Pump Depth: 38 (ft)

Pump Type and ID: 2" Grundfos # 16351  
 Water Quality Instrument: Horiba U-22 # 16358  
 Results to be Sent to: Todd Eaby

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: (i.e. weather conditions, problems encountered, maintenance required, unusual color/odor, etc.) \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

# Groundwater Sample Log

**Sampling Event:** HD Sup RI GW Rnd 2  
**Project NO:** 01-1633-00-9806-200

**Well ID:** MW-116  
**Project Location:** York, Pa

## Purge Information

**Purge Date:** 9/3/2008  
**Purged By:** Matthew Logan  
**Purge Technique:** Matched Well Yeild  
**Purge Method:** Fultz Pump

**Pump ID:** 16389  
**Water Quality Inst:** Horiba-U22  
**Water Quality Inst ID:** 15073  
**Total Purge Vol (gal):** 12.00

## Sample Information

**Sampled By:** Matthew Logan  
**Sample Date:** 9/3/2008  
**Sample Time:** 11:12  
**Sample ID:** HD-MW-116-01-0

**Sampled Method:** Fultz Pump  
**Unit ID:** 16389  
**Duplicate ID:** Not Collected  
**MS/MSD ID:** Not Collected

## Purge Parameter Information

Time	Temp. °C	pH SU	Turb NTU	Con. mS/cm	DO mg/L	Sal	Pr g/m	Pv gal.	DTW feet	Notes
10:32	19.51	5.66	-5	2.37	1.88	0.11	0.23			
10:37	18.28	6.06	-5	2.14	0.39	0.1			21.72	
10:42	17.98	6.01	163	1.56	0.08	0.07	0.33		21.8	
10:47	18.04	5.96	90.5	1.55	0	0.07			21.75	
10:52	18.06	5.93	72.3	1.53	0	0.07	0.33		21.75	
10:57	18.02	5.93	58.5	1.49	0	0.05			21.76	
11:02	17.99	5.94	42	1.49	0	0.07	0.33		21.77	
11:07	17.96	5.95	34.6	1.47	0	0.07			21.77	
11:12	17.95	5.97	27.1	1.46	0	0.07			21.76	

**APPENDIX F**

**Waste Disposal Documentation**



<b>UNIFORM HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST</b>		1. Generator ID Number PAD001643691	2. Page 1 of 1	3. Emergency Response Phone (877)-818-0087	4. Manifest/Tracking Number 000066660 <b>WAS</b>			
5. Generator's Name and Mailing Address Harley-Davidson Motor Co. Ops., Inc. 1425 Eden Road, York PA 17402 Generator's Phone: (717)-848-1177				Generator's Site Address (if different than mailing address)				
6. Transporter 1 Company Name Envirite of Pennsylvania, Inc.				U.S. EPA ID Number PAD010154045				
7. Transporter 2 Company Name				U.S. EPA ID Number				
8. Designated Facility Name and Site Address Clean Harbors of Baltimore, Inc. 1910 Russell Street, Baltimore, MD 21230 Facility's Phone: (410)-244-8200				U.S. EPA ID Number MDD980555189				
9a. HM	9b. U.S. DOT Description (including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class, ID Number, and Packing Group (if any))	10. Containers		11. Total Quantity	12. Unit Wt./Vol.	13. Waste Codes		
		No.	Type			FO01	FO02	DO07
XX	1. RQ, NA3082, Hazardous Waste, Liquid, N.O.S. (Chrome, Lead), PG III	001	TT	1320	G	DO08	DO27	DO40
	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
14. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information								
9a1. Approval Code: CH308162B/B36B, additional waste codes: D006, D009, D028, D029, D039 Truck # PO # 3718-13431 Sales Order #								
15. GENERATOR'S/OFFEROR'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by the proper shipping name, and are classified, packaged, marked and labeled/placarded, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport according to applicable international and national governmental regulations. If export shipment and I am the Primary Exporter, I certify that the contents of this consignment conform to the terms of the attached EPA Acknowledgment of Consent. I certify that the waste minimization statement identified in 40 CFR 262.27(a) (if I am a large quantity generator) or (b) (if I am a small quantity generator) is true.								
Generator's/Offeror's Printed/Typed Name Brenda M. Barber				Signature <i>Brenda M Barber</i>		Month Day Year 05   13   08		
16. International Shipments <input type="checkbox"/> Import to U.S. <input type="checkbox"/> Export from U.S. Port of entry/exit: _____ Date leaving U.S.: _____								
17. Transporter Acknowledgment of Receipt of Materials								
Transporter 1 Printed/Typed Name				Signature		Month Day Year		
Transporter 2 Printed/Typed Name				Signature		Month Day Year		
18. Discrepancy								
18a. Discrepancy Indication Space <input type="checkbox"/> Quantity <input type="checkbox"/> Type <input type="checkbox"/> Residue <input type="checkbox"/> Partial Rejection <input type="checkbox"/> Full Rejection								
18b. Alternate Facility (or Generator) Manifest Reference Number: _____ U.S. EPA ID Number _____								
18c. Signature of Alternate Facility (or Generator) _____ Month Day Year _____								
19. Hazardous Waste Report Management Method Codes (i.e., codes for hazardous waste treatment, disposal, and recycling systems)								
1.		2.		3.		4.		
20. Designated Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of receipt of hazardous materials covered by the manifest except as noted in Item 18a								
Printed/Typed Name				Signature		Month Day Year		

GENERATOR

TRANSPORTER INTL

DESIGNATED FACILITY